The Blair County Whig.

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HOLLIDAYSBURG, PA., SATURDAY, MARCH 31, 1866.

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☞ Postmasters neglecting to notify us when subscribers do not take out their papers will be held liable for the subscription.

LEGAL NOTICES.—Auditor's Notices, $2.00; Administrator's and Executer's, 2.50; Estrays $2.00. All other Legal Notices $2 per square for 3 insertions, and longer time at same rate.

Business notices 10 cents per line; each subsequent insertion, 5 cents per line.

BUSINESS CARDS.

AUG. S. LANDIS, Attorney at Law, Hollidaysburg, Pa. Dec. 5th, 1863

JOHN BROTHERLINE, Attorney at Law, Hollidaysburg, Pa.
Office on Allegheny street, first door west of the Court House.

THOMAS McCAMANT, Attorney at Law, Hollidaysburg, Pa.
Office in McFarland's building, on Allegheny street, in the room recently occupied by J. H. Keatley, Esq., Jan. 13, 1866.

JOHN A. BLODGET,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
HOLLIDAYSBURG, PA.
jan17

DR. J. A. ROHRER, Dentist.
SUCCESSOR TO DR. S. KIMMELL.
Teeth Extracted without pain by the use of NITROUS OXIDE GAS.
Office on Allegheny street, nearly opposite the Logan Hotel, Hollidaysburg, is prepared to perform all operations in the Dental Profession. feb 2 '65, 1y.

JOHN H. KEATLY.
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
HOLLIDAYSBURG, PA.
Office in the room occupied by him previous to his entry into the service.

WM. M. LLOYD & CO.,
BANKERS,
ALTOONA, BLAIR COUNTY, PENNA.
Will transact all legitimate Banking, buy and sell Government Bonds, Gold and Silver. Interest paid on time deposits. Dec. 9, 65.

W. LEE WOODKOK, Attorney at Law, and claim agent, Altoona, Blair Co., Pa.
Office on Annie Street, two doors below Post Office.
Will practice in the several Courts of Blair, Cambria and Huntingdon Counties. All Claims, &, entrused to his care will recieve prompt attention. Jan 13, 1866.

H. H. SNYDER, Attorney at Law, and licensed claim agent.
☞ All Soldier's Claims against the Government for Back Pay, Bounty, Widows' and Invalid Pensions, attended to with great care and promptness. Office next door to the "American House," on Allegheny St., Hollidaysburg, Pa. Jan 13, 1865

MEDICAL CARD,
DR. G. W. STROHECKER,
Has located in Newry, Blair county, and respectfully offers his Professional Services, to the Citizens of this place and vicinity. He may be found at all times, except when professionally engaged, at Mr. Frank McCoy's.
Dec. 23, 1865.

J. F. FREUAUFF,
Attorney and Counseller at Law
and
Licensed Government Claim & Pension Agent
BUSINESS attended to in the FRENCH, GERMA, or ENGLISH Languages.—Having corresponding Attorneys in all parts of Europe and the United States, especial attention will be given to the collection of Inheritances and Debts. Office Allegheny Street, Hollidaysburg, Blair county, Penn'a.
Oct. 31, 1863, tf.

REMOVAL.
GEORGE W. SMITH, M. D
Now occupies the Post Office building as his residence and office, where he may be found at all hours when not professionally engaged. Thankful for the liberal patronage he has received, he still hopes to merit public and private confidence by strict attention to all his professional duties.
April 23, '64—tf.

C. A. McFARLAND & CO, (Successors to Wm. McFarland & Son) Manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of Cabinet Furniture. Also, a large assortment of Ready-made Coffins always kept on hand, of different kinds and prices, cheaper than ever before offered in this place. Persons ordering Coffins from a distance will please say the kind and price.
Hollidaysburg, May 23, 1863.

A. J. WOLFE,
CABINET-MAKER
AND UNDERTAKER,
Corner of Allegheny and Front Streets
HOLLIDAYSBURG.
FURNITURE of all descriptions always on hand or made to order.
☞ Coffins made to order, and a HEARSE furnished free in town and country.
Hollidaysburg, May 31, 1862,

NEW FIRM.
COOPER, BLACKBURN & PORTER.
THE undersigned give notice that they have this day entered into Copartnership for the purpose of
Mining and Shipping Coal,
AND
GENERAL MERCHANDISING,
and are now prepared to fill all orders at the lowest possible rates.
JAS. M. COOPER,
JOS. H. BLACKBURN,
C. HOWARD PORTER
Hollidaysburg, Feb. 3, 1864.-tf

WALL PAPER
OF THE
Very Latest Styles.
JUST RECEIVED AT
CHAMBERLIN'S
Price from TEN CENTS per bolt upward.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	One insertion.	Two do.	Three do
6 lines or less.	$0 25	$0 37½	$0 50
1 square (12 lines.)	0 50	0 75	1 00
2 squares (24 lines.)	1 00	1 50	2 00
3 squares (36 lines.)	1 50	2 25	3 00

	3 months.	6 do.	12 do.
6 lines or less.	$1 50	$3 00	$5 00
1 square, (12 lines)	2 50	4 00	7 00
2 squares, (24 lines)	4 00	6 00	10 00
3 squares, (36 lines)	6 00	8 00	12 00
Four squares,	6 00	10 00	14 00
Half a column,	10 00	14 00	20 00
One column,	15 00	22 00	35 00

☞ Over three weeks and less than three months; 25 cts. per square for each insertion.
☞ Advertisements not marked with number of insertions desired, will be continued till forbid, and charged according to these terms.
BROTHERLINE & LONGWELL, Editors.

ORIGINAL POETRY.

[For the Whig.]

DECEIT.

Whence camest thou! From earth?
What breeds thy slimy form?
Or wast thou born in hell,
And come in the night's rude storm?

Who loves thy hidden coil?
Who feeds upon thy strength?
Man! Man alone partakes,
In the worlds wide breadth and length.

Hypocrites and fools embrace
Thy lurking, deathly sting,
Whilst *true* men suffer all the wrongs
Deceit through them doth bring.

EXTRAORDINARY IMPOSTURE

The following extraordinary case of daring imposture we clip from the Dublin *University Magazine*:

A comely, respectable-looking man, who had been for many years a footman to a Mr. Wickham, a gentleman of fortune at Banbury, in Oxfordshire, came to London, and took lodgings at a baker's, a man well-to-do in the world, opposite to Arundel Street, in the Strand. The baker being asked by his lodger what countryman he was, replied that he was of Banbury. The other, rejoiced at meeting a townsman, immediately expressed strong regard for the baker, adding that since he was from Banbury, he must needs know Mr. Wickham, or have heard his name mentioned. The baker, who was well acquainted with that gentleman's family, though he had been absent from Banbury fifteen or twenty years, was delighted to hear news of it. But he became perfectly overcome by joy when informed that the person he conversed with was Mr. Wickham himself. This inspired him with most profound respect. The family must be called up for Mr. Wickham to see them, and that they might drink a glass together to their friends at Banbury. The baker did not for a moment doubt his having Mr. Wickham for his lodger, but yet he could not help wondering that neither footman nor portmanteau appeared. He therefore made bold to ask how a gentleman of his estate came to be unattended. The pretended Mr. Wickham, making a sign to him to speak softly, replied that his servants were in a place where he could readily find them when required, but that at present he must be very careful of being known, because he came up to town to arrest a merchant of London who owed him a great sum of money and was going to break. That he desired to remain unknown, for fear he should miss his stroke, and requested his landlord not to mention his name. The next day the pretended Mr Wickham went out to arrange measures with another of his own stamp, as to playing their parts in concert. It was arranged between them that the other should pass for Mr. Wickham's servant, and come privately, from time to time, to see his master and attend on him. That same night the servant came, and Mr. Wickham, looking at his own dirty neckcloth in the glass, fell into a great rage at him for letting him be without money, linen, or other conveniences, by his negligence in not carrying his trunk to the wagon in due time, which would cause a delay of three days. This was acted in a loud voice, that the baker, who was in the next room, might hear it. The poor, deluded man thereupon ran to his drawers, carried to Mr. Wickham the best linen he had in the house, begged the honor of his wearing it, and at the same time laid fifty guineas on the table that he might oblige him by accepting them also. Wickham at first refused, but with urgent pressing he was prevailed upon. As soon as he had the money in his possession, he had a livery made of the same color and fashion as the true Mr. Wickham's, and gave it to another pretended footman, who brought a trunk and box full of goods as coming from the Banbury wagon. The baker, more satisfied than ever that he had to do with Mr. Wickham, one of the richest and noblest of gentlemen in the kingdom, made it more and more his business to give him fresh marks of his respect and attachment. In short, Wickham got from him a hundred and fifty guineas, besides the first fifty, for all of which he gave him his note.

About three weeks after the opening of this adventure, the rogue, while enjoying himself at a tavern, was seized with a violent headache, accompanied by a burning fever, and great pains in all parts of his body. As soon as he found himself ill, he went home to his lodging, where he was waited upon by one of his pretended footmen, and assisted in everything by the good baker, who advanced all money that was wanted, and passed his word to the doctors, apothecaries, and everybody else. In the meanwhile, Wickham grew worse and worse, and about the fifth day was given over. The baker, grieved to the heart at the condition of his illustrious friend, felt bound to tell him, though with much reluctance, what the doctors thought of his condition. Wickham received the news as calmly as if he had been the best Christian in the world, and fully prepared for death. He desired a minister to be sent for, and received the communion the same day. Never did there appear to be more resignation to the will of God, never more outward piety, zeal or confidence in the merits of the Redeemer. Next day, the distemper and danger increasing to an alarming extent, the impostor told the baker that it was not enough to have taken care of his soul, he ought also to set his worldly affairs in order, and desired that he might make his will, while yet sound in mind. A scrivener, therefore, was immediately sent for, and the will made and signed in all proper form before several witnesses. Wickham, by this, disposed of all his estate, real and personal, jewels, coaches, teams, race horses of such and such colors, and packs of hounds, ready money, &c, a house, with all appurtenances and dependencies, to the baker; almost all the linen to the wife; five hundred guineas to their eldest son; eight hundred to the four daughters; two hundred to the parson who had comforted him in his sickness; two hundred to each of the doctors, and one hundred to the apothecary; fifty guineas and mourning to each of his footmen; fifty to embalm him; fifty for his coffin; two hundred to hang the house with mourning, and to defray the rest of the charges of his interment. A hundred guineas for gloves, hatbands, scarfs and gold rings; such a diamond to such a friend, and such an emerald to another. Never was anything more noble or more generous. This done, Wickham called the baker to him, loaded him and his family with benedictions, and told him that immediately after his decease he had nothing to do but go to the lawyer named in the will, who was acquainted with all his affairs, and would give him full instructions how to proceed. Soon after he fell into convulsions and died. Such was the utterly unaccountable climax of one of the most consummate impositions on record. The baker first applied himself entirely to carrying out the provisions of the will, omitting nothing that was ordered by the deceased to be done. He was not to be interred until the fourth day after his death, and all was ready by the second. The baker had now time to look for the lawyer before he laid his benefactor in the ground. Having put the body into a rich coffin, covered with velvet and plates of silver, and made all the other arrangements, he began to consider that it would not be improper for him to reimburse himself as soon as possible, and to claim possession of his new estate. He therefore went and communicated the whole affair to the lawyer. This gentleman was indeed acquainted with the true Mr. Wickham, had all his papers in his hands, and often received letters from him. He was strangely surprised to hear of the sickness and death of Mr. Wickham, who had written to him the day before. The film fell at once from the poor baker's eyes, who seen at once that he had been bit. We may easily imagine the discourse that passed between the two. The baker, in conclusion, was thoroughly convinced by several circumstances, unnecessary to relate here, that the true Mr. Wickham was in perfect health, and that the man he took for him was the greatest villain and most complete hypocrite that ever existed. Upon this he immediately turned the rogue's body out of the rich coffin, which he sold for a third part of the original cost. The trades-people that had been employed towards the funeral had compassion on the baker, and took their things again, though not without some loss to him. They dug a hole in the corner of St. Clement's churchyard, where they threw in the body with as little ceremony as possible.

Chicago is a city of Illinois, pleasantly located on the shores of Lake Michigan, and with al a nice place in which to reside. To give some idea of the manner in which the residents of this delightful city enjoy themselves, we copy the annexed head lines from the Chicago *Times* of the 13th: "Startling Mystery—Discovery of nine barrels of Human Bodies—Astonishing Revelations—A Cart Load of Dismembered Human Bodies and Disjointed Limbs Scattered Wantonly on a Public Street—Atrocious Mutilation of the Dead—An Evil which Requires Immediate Attention—Suicide—Self-Destruction of an Unhappy Misanthrope—Attempted Suicide—Dr. A. R. W. Barton Stabs Himself."

MISCELLANY.

AN account of an execution in Amoy, China, says, the condemned man being lashed to a cross, the executioner commenced his horrible butchery by first cutting off the flesh above the eyes; next the ears, and then the breast; then he cut through the muscles of each arm. Then the muscles of the thighs were cut out in the same manner. After the executioner had performed these dreadful tortures upon the poor wretch, he laid his small knife aside and took another, about ten inches long and about an inch broad, and cut gashes on each side of the man's chest, laying the ribs bare. Then he made several flourishes with the knife, ran it into the poor victim's body, entering just below the sternum in the middle of the chest, to the full extent of the blade, and, coming down with the knife let out his entrails. He then slashed and cut open the stomach. Then giving a yell, he ran his hand in, and seized the man's liver, and cut it out. This finished the torture, and the executioner left the victim in his mutilated state, not yet dead. The body was exposed for five days afterward, to the great annoyance of the Europeans who occupied the house adjacent. The poor rebel bore his inhuman tortures most manfully, not a moan or cry escaping him during all the time.

STRANGE STORY—*A dead man walks in at a Wake and leaves his widow a bag of Gold.*—A mechanic named Orris Elder left Indianapolis in 1858 and settled down in Chasta City, California, where, after mining for a year or so, became engaged in gambling and was killed in a drunken brawl in that place in 1860, by George Adicott. Ever since, his wife has been compelled to earn a living for herself and children at the wash tub. A few days since her youngest daughter, Janet, died, and a few friends gathered in to watch the corpse. About 10 o'clock in the evening, the doors and windows being all closed and shut, the persons seated in the room with the corpse were stricken dumb by the sudden appearance of Elder himself among them, in his palpable earthly form, as when they knew him years ago. He deliberately walked to the coffin, placed upon it a bag of gold, and instantly disappeared. After the people had recovered from the fright into which they were thrown, they opened the bag and found it contained $670 in ten dollar gold pieces, and a little scrap of paper with the words on it, "Restitution at last, Mary." No word has since been heard from this mysterious visitor from the dead.

TIMELY ACTION.—The action of the President in the case of MONROE, the newly-chosen Mayor of New Orleans, shows that he can be severe as well as lenient. Nothing could have been more just or timely than the order to Governor WELLS not to permit MONROE, who is an untamed rebel, to enter on the duties of the office. The class of persons to whom MONROE belongs, like the democrats at the North, have come to presume too much on the leniency of the President, and the time has come for drawing on them the rein. And this has he done in this instance, not only at the right time, but in the right place. The President can assure himself that the country will never cease to applaud acts that reward loyalty and make treason odious.

INTELLIGENT!—In the *British Almanac and Companion* for 1866, a work published by authority of the Society for the Diffusion of Useful Knowledge, we find the following in the "Chronicle of Occurences," under date of December 21, 1864:

"General Sherman, with a Federal army, after having marched without obstruction from Alabama, *in Georgia*, to Savannah, *in North Carolina*, takes possession of that city without any resistance being made, General Hardee, the commander of the Confederate army retreating, as not being strong enough to contest its possession.

GREAT FIRE IN CINCINNATI.—*Loss over Two Million Dollars.*—Pike's Opera House took fire from an explosion of gas at midnight on the 22d. The flames spread with fury, and in a short time the Opera House, Adams Express Office, Bryant and Stratton's commercial college, the Cincinnati *Enquirer* office, were in ruins. The loss will amount to over $2,000,000. Mr. Pike's loss is estimated at $1,000,000, and he is only insured for $38,000. The event has dampened the spirits of the whole community in Cincinnati.

A FAMILY of five persons resided on a farm in Derry, New Hampshire, for 58 years during which time there was neither a birth, death or marriage in the family; neither did they during that time put a letter into the post-office, take one out, or take a newspaper.

RELIGIOUS READING.

"My Mother—Mother—Mother."

It is said that these were among the last words of the great lamented Henry Clay.

Mothers learn here a lesson. Look at your sons and daugters, and realize this important truth, that in the nursery is laid the foundation of your child's future life. Instead of teaching them to play the empty headed coxcomb, and to *tete-a-tete* a lifetime away, in nonsense, teach them the path of true greatness and usefulness. Who are the men who adorned human nature, and reflected a halo of glory upon their country? They are, with few exceptions, those who in infancy learned to clasp their tiny hands and kneel at the mother's side, and dedicated their hearts to the Father of spirits.

A mother's hallowed influence never dies. The boy never forgets the mother's love. Though he may wander far from home, and engage in many vices, yet that mother's voice, soft and tender, that fell upon his ear in infancy, is borne upon many a breeze, and whispers.—"My son, my son, remember a mother's love; how she has taught you to pray, and reverence the God of mercy."

Seventy-five long years have been numbered with the past; scenes, political and national, warm and exciting, had passed away; near fifty years had marked the resting place of that Christian women, when her noble son, upon the bed of death is heard calling for "my mother, mother, mother." Sweet words for the lips of one who owed his greatness to the maternal care of a mother's love!

Mothers, do you wish your sons to honor you in the busy conflict of life, to be ornaments to society, to call upon you in the cold hour of death? Then act to them a mother's part—teach them the way of virtue, of morality, and of religion.

HOME SWEET HOME.—What words more endearing! Childhood's happy home, where pleasant hours were passed with the dear ones we so fondly loved, but who have long since gone from earth to a purer, holier clime.—Who can recall to mind the days of childhood's innocence without a sigh that they are gone "never to return," while we remain to grow old in reviewing the past.

As I speak the word "home," how many dear remembrances encircle it. Parents, brothers, sisters, and schoolmates, all have their places in memory, although many have ceased to breathe, having yielded mortality for a bright immortality beyond the grave. As I contrast the past with the future, I ask why are all things changeable and passing away? Nature readily responds, "that we may prepare for a home where all is love," and where neither change or separation never come.

Life is composed of joys and sorrows, prosperity and adversity; if we can endure afflictions and misfortunes without repining, we are prepared for all the ills of life. The cultivation of this spirit will enhance the joys of the home circle, and diffuse contentment throughout the humblest dwelling; and what is still better, we shall enjoy the consciousness of a daily preparation for that heavenly home, where the loved ones who have gone before are now enjoying a "heaven of rest."

As there are none so *weak* that we may venture to injure them with impunity, so there are none so *low* that they may not at some time be able to repay an obligation. Therefore, what benevolence would dictate, prudence would confirm. For he that is cautious of insulting the weakest, and not above obliging the lowest, will have attained such habits of forbearance and complacency, as will secure him the good will of all that are beneath him, and teach him how to avoid the enmity of all that are above him. For he that would not bruise even a worm will be still more cautious how he treads upon a serpent.

—HE that at midnight, when every laborer sleeps securely, should hear, as I have often, the clear airs, the sweet descants, the natural rising and falling, the doubling and redoubling of the nightingale's voice, will say, "Lord, what music hast thou provided for the saints in heaven, when thou offerest bad men such music on earth.—*Walton.*

—This is the wisdom of a Christian when he can solace himself with the comfortable assurance of the love of God—that he hath called him unto holiness—given him some measure of it and an endeavor after more; and by this may he conclude that he hath ordained him unto salvation.—*Archbishop Leighton.*

GENERAL NEWS.

SENATORS Dixon and Foote are daily growing worse. There is little hope of the recovery of the latter.

THE Freedmen's Bureau in Virginia and North Carolina have turned criminal cases over to the civil courts.

MARKETS for the sale of horse flesh have been officially established at Paris, Vienna, Stockholm and Copenhagen.

Mr. Charles Stratton (Tom. Thumb) and wife are among the latest "distinguished arrivals," having returned from Europe on Saturday.

THE cost to Canada of the Fenian scare has not been less than $150,000 per day, for the military alone, not including the expenditures for fortifications and temporary defenses.

ANOTHER destructive fire occurred in the oil regions on the 22d inst., destroying eighteen engines, a large number of wells, and 20,000 barrels of oil. One man was burned to death, and three fatally injured.

A LONDON letter says that a strong effort will be made in England to hold the United States responsible for the Fenian movement. The Government leaders, however, have declared their confidence in our Government.

GAMBLING is said to prevail to a frightful extent in Albany this winter. Among the unfortunate ones is a member of the Legislature from New York City, who is reported to have lost over $40,000 during the past month.

IN the trial of the rebel Major Gee, commandant of the prison pen at Salisbury, for inhuman treatment to Union prisoners, four witnesses swore positively to hearing Major Gee order a Union soldier to be carried to the grave while yet alive.

STRIKE FOR YOUR POTATOES.—B. Doran Killian, in a letter to a Fenian brother in Canada, says Ireland's "woes and troubles call for vengeance on the cruel and bloody Sassenach, who has been for centuries trampling the bloom out of our cheeks, the blood out of our hearts, and the mellowness out of our potatoes."

PRESIDENT JOHNSON'S COPPERHEADISM.—President JOHNSON has appointed an undoubted Republican to fill the office of Collector of Customs at Chicago, mainly on recommendation of Mr. WENTWORTH, one of the most Radical men in Congress, and the appointee is also a Radical. Here was a chance for the President to show his hand, and he did it.

A WASHINGTON letter says: The jealous fears of a husband prompted angry words to a friend, who had escorted his wife from the opera one evening last week, on the ground that the parting salutation was too affectionate. A duel was talked of—then the indignant husband armed himself, and swore that he would kill his friend. Thus far, "nobody is hurt," and "all is quiet along the Potomac."

THE "Johnson" party is in the ascendant at Nahant. At the recent town meeting the following officers were elected: Moderator—David Johnson. Town Clerk—A. D. Johnson.—Selectmen and Assessors—W. H. Johnson, E. B. Johnson, C. Harvey Johnson. Treasurer and Collector—W. W. Johnson. School Committee—Franklin E. Johnson, Walter Johnson. Geo. L. Johnson was also appointed a constable.

Major General Phil. SHERIDAN has received a very elegant testimonial from a friend in Mexico. It consists of a full set of equipments for a saddle horse, fashioned after the Mexican style and valued at between two and three thousand dollars. The saddle is heavily trimmed with beaten silver, the housing thickly embroidered with gold, silver and silk; the bridle is composed of silver chains and silk embroidered leather.

THE family of Uriah Townsend, of Tarrytown, New York, consisting of himself, wife and four children, were poisoned on the 21st inst. by something eaten in their own house. The eldest daughter died the same day, and none of the family are expected to recover, their flesh being horribly swollen, and they sinking rapidly. Townsend was a justice of the peace, and it is supposed the deed was done in revenge, by some unknown parties.

THE administrator of the estate of Mary Thomas, of Middleboro, Mass., lately deceased at the age of 74 years, on an examination of her property, finds some singular developements.—Quite a large package of cloth, carefully fastened with great numbers of pins, was found to contain a couple of nails, an old screw, and a half inch of tallow candle. Among other articles are twenty pairs of shoes, of all the styles of the past forty years.

THE WHIG.

HOLLIDAYSBURG, PA.

SATURDAY, MARCH 31, 1866.

UNION STATE NOMINATION.

FOR GOVERNOR,

Gen. John W. Geary,

OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

GOLD on Saturday fell to 123¼, the lowest point it has reached for several years.

A DISPATCH from Washington announces the veto of the Civil Rights Bill by the President on Tuesday.

WE have had to dispense, temporarily, with the publication of the Hon. Henry C. Carey's series of lettters to the Secretary of the Treasury, owing to a crowd of other matter. They will appear at intervals hereafter.

AT an auction of 20,000 tons of Scranton Coal, yesterday, prices fell from 50 cents to $1 85 per ton, from the February quotations, making a fall within two months of from $1 90 to $3 75 per ton. Good!

WE judge that there is little room for doubt that James Stephens, the Fenian Head Center, has very recently escaped from Ireland. We infer that no general and formidable uprising against British rule is now meditated by the leaders of the movement on that side of the Atlantic.

THE PRESIDENT AND THE UNION PARTY

That which follows, (it being on a Washington dispatch to the *Tribune*,) only confirms what we have been assured of by private letters. In publishing it, we take occasion to say that it seems but fair that the exaggerations and downright falsehoods about the President should cease, and that those persons who, in the pursuit of personal enmity, join and give circulation to falsehoods such as are here reported, should be exposed. We think it is now plain that truth and fairness should be more observed in the future. The dispatch is as follows:

"A committee of gentlemen from Connecticut, influenced by many extraordinary reports from this city circulating in that State, had an interview with the President to-day. Among the number was Major General Hawley, the Union candidate for Governor. The reports in circulation both in regard to the feelings and opinions of the President, and of the General, were referred to, and found to be in most respects either gross exaggerations, or wholesale fabrications.

"The Psesident, of course, desired to see his policy sustained wherever the issue was distinctly and fairly made, but he had not interfered, and did not propose to interfere, with the politics of the States. His friends there knew better than he what course it was best for them to take to promote the great objects which all earnest Union men desired to see accomplished.

"General Hawley, with equal frankness, corrected the false impression which had been created in regard to himself, and the interview on the whole appeared to be satisfactory to the visitors, who left favorably impressed with the frankness of the President, and thoroughly convinced that all his hopes and sympathies are still with the great Union party of the country."

The *Tribune* also publishes a denial of a story which has been industriously circulated among politicians, to the effect that Mr. English, the Democratic candidate for Governor of Connecticut, in company with Hon. S. S. Cox, visited the White House, and heard President Johnson express his desire that the Copperhead ticket might be successful in that State. Mr. Cox on being appealed to personally, pronounced the whole story a fabrication.

The Democratic journals are exulting over the fact that some of the Republican members of the Legislature complimented Mr. Clymer on his nomination. They, however, omit to give the reason why those gentlemen extended their congratulations to the Senator from Berks. Knowing him to be the weakest and most vulnerable aspirant the Democracy could select they naturally expressed their gratification after he had been nominated—a left-handed compliment which men generally would prefer saying little about.

Secretary M'Culloch and Congress—The Loan Bill.

The letter of Secretary M'Colloch to the Chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means, justly attracts the attention of the financial world. It contains some things which, as the deliberate utterances of the Financial Secretary, in connection with the pending Loan Bill, will be regared with special interest. While repeating his belief in the wisdom of returning to specie payment as early as practicable, he does not disguise that it should be under a gradual and cautious process; and he adds: "When this can be brought about, will depend upon the condition of the National Industry and the trade relations between the United States and foreign nations. It is not desirable that specie payment should be restored until that restoration can be made permanent by increasing industry and a proper adjustment of trade with Europe."

We think we are authorized to interpret the above to mean, that a return to the specie standard will depend on such a tariff and on such a system of domestic taxation, as will secure to the industry of the land protection from foreign competition and insure stability to every employment. This is the Secretary's evident meaning, and we accept this part of his letter as an auspicious sign that the head of our Finances is not far from right on the tariff question.

The Secretary seems to have taken occasion to correct to some extent the popular impression that he was for speedy if not precipitate contraction,—an impression, let us say, which has exerted a pernicious influence on business and done much to unsettle the future. He evidently is anxious to dispel this impression, and to plant in the public mind, in its stead, the belief that he has no intention of attempting anything of a precipitate or hasty character—in fact, the idea is thrown out that he is not in favor of "a large reduction" of the volume of the currency at all. We conceive that the Secretery clearly intends to quiet the fears of the country when he says:

"The tendencies now are all in the right direction, and if they shall be adjusted by judicious legislation, I *shall be hopeful that the currency of the country may be brought up to the specie standard without a large reduction of it.* The apprehension which exists that if power is given to the Secretary to retire United States notes, the circulation of the country will be ruinously contracted, *is without any substantial foundation.* If no reliance can be placed in the discretion and carefulness of the Secretary, the very condition of the finances of the country *will prevent such a reduction of the currency* as will make either a light money market or depress business. Authority to reduce the currency will go very far to prevent the necessity for a reduction. The battle will be more than half fought when the Government shall adopt a healthy financial policy."

The Loan Bill, however, as it passed the House on Friday, did not give the Secretary all the power he asked for, but it gave more than Congress at any previous time was disposed to give to him. In some important respects his power is restricted, in others scarcely any restriction is placed on him. The passage of the bill is not viewed by the the Secretary as a triumph, but the reverse. In view of everything, we presume that the average sentiment of the country was fairly expressed by our immediate Representative, Gen. MOORHEAD, in giving his vote on the bill. He said that "he differed entirely with the gentlemen from Illnois [Mr. WENTWORTH] in regard to the mode of reaching the resumption of specie payment. He did not believe that it was to be attained by making a stringent currency, which would create distress among the industrial classes; therefore he had voted against this bill when it was up before. He was opposed to reducing the currency, but thought this bill restricted the Secretary's power sufficiently; under it the business of the country would not suffer violence. He believed with the gentleman from New York [Mr. GRISWOLD] that Congress was legislating at the wrong end, and that the proper way was to adopt measures that would restrain excessive importations."

Taking the bill itself and the letter of the Secretary, we conceive that there is very little grouud to apprehend anytning serious in the way of violently contracting the currency. At any rate, there will be some advantage in the fact that Congress has commenced to act, even though not so wisely as could be wished.

On Saturday, gold in Wall street receded to twenty-four and three-quarters, lower by about three cents than at any previous time. The excitement was considerable, and it is not unlikely that a temporary flurry will be the consequence of the passage of the bill through the House. Its amendment in the Senate is thought to be not unlikely, though we think the tendency will be to give it additional strength in that body, and increased favor with the public generally.

ON Saturday last, Mr. ALEXANDER DYSART, of Sinking Valley, shot himself through the head with a rifle. He was gloomy for a few days. He was a rich bachelor, aged about fifty years.

THE ASSASSINATION.

Remarkable Statement of Sterling King, a Prisoner Confined in the Louisville, Ky, Jail

He Confesses to Having Assassinated Presieent Lincoln and Attempted the Murder of Secretary Seward.

We published in our last issue a dispatch from Louisville, Kentucky, to the effect that a man named Sterling King, an inmate of the jail in that city: had confessed that he was the person who attempted the life of Secretary Seward No faith whatever can be placed in the truth of the statements, but as a matter of interest we condense the following further particulars from Louisville papers of the 22d. The *Courier* says:

"We chanced to be personally cognizant of the antecedents of this pretended conspiritor. He claims to be a native of Virginia, and states that he was a cousin of Horatio King, formerly Assistant Postmaster General.

"In 1863 he figured as a lawyer in Cincinati, and also obtained permits for the shipment of goods to Memphis. While thus engaged, he was arrested by the military authorities, charged with uttering disloyal sentiments, tried by court-martial and sentenced to six months labor on the fortifications back of Covington, with a ball and chain attached to his leg. For some reason the sentence was not carried into effect.

"Some time afterward he appeared in Abbington, Virginia, where he was sporting the uniform of a Confederate colonel. Gen John H. Morgan arrested him as a spy; he was tried by a court-martial and sentenced to be hung. But in this case, as in so many others, good luck attended him, and he managed to escape to the Federal lines."

The *Drmocrat* says:

"King states that he was the man who killed President Lincoln. He says that he entered the theatre as any other person, purchasing a ticket and paying for it. At the appointed time he entered the private box in Ford's theatre, Washington, where MR. Lincoln was, and he shot him with a single-barreled pistol, which he let fall at the time he leaped from the box. He gives as his object for using a single-barreled pistol that he was compelled to leave it behind him, and if it had been a revolver those in the box might have used it against him. He further says that after he shot the President and leaped from the box he passed by several persons, but one of whom he knew—Miss. Laura Keene—and she did not know him. According to his statement, J. Wilks Booth, whom it is said was the murderer of Lincoln, was in the rear of the theatre awaiting with horses.

"From the vicinity of Ford's Theatre, he states that he went to the residence of Secretary Seward, and after forcing an entrance, he made an attack upon the Secretary himself, cutting him in the throat with a bowie-knife. He says that after young Seward was knocked down, the old man begged not to be murdered, and that he struck the blow to silence him. His only regret seems to be that he did not kill the Secretary. He says that the statement published in the papers that there were two persons in the affair is false, as he is the man who shot the President and made the attack upon Secretary Seward. He says that there was another person in the affair, who has not yet been apprehended, who was to have killed Stanton, but he failed to fulfill his pledge.

"In regard to Booth, he says that Booth had nothing to do with killing, with the exception of assisting him to make his escape from the city of Washington. He gives in his written statement, which is now in the hands of the military, the route he pursued after leaving Washington. He says that the man killed in the barn, and who is said to have been Booth, is a prisoner who escaped from the Ohio prison. He claims to have, in company with Booth, went from Washington to Canada, and from thence to the island of Cuba. He states that his object in returning to the United States was for the purpose of releasing Jeff Davis the President of the Confederate States.

"In regard to Mrs. Suratt, who was executed as one of the conspiritors, he says that she knew nothing of the conspiracy. The parties who planned the affair, three of whom have never been heard of, met regularly at the house of Mrs Suratt, but she knew nothing of their design. He says that he was stopping at the house of Mrs. Suratt some ten or twelve days previous to the execution of the plot.

"There are two prisoners now in jail, Llewellyn and Grimes, who say that they know something of the affair, and may be that the tale has been concocted for the purpose of getting the three released from the charges now against them, and have them turned over to the military authorities.

"The above statement was made to Gens. Jeff C. Davis and Watkins, at the jail, on Tuesday, after having been related to two or three of the prisoners and policeman Bligh. Finding that his statement was likely to get him into very serious difficulty, King determined to put an end to his miserable existence. He asked the privilege of having a small penknife, which was granted him. With this he opened the veins of the left arm, and would have bled to death, had it not been that the attempt was discovered by his cell-mate, and an alarm given. We yesterday paid a visit to King in his cell, and found him too low to speak. The alarm in regard to his attempt to commit suicide was given about four o'clock in the morning, after he had bled for several hours."

PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS

THE WAR DEBT OF THE STATE

$800,000 Granted.

WASHINGTON, March 23.

The House went into Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union, Mr. Washburn, of Illinois, in the chair, and resumed the consideration of the bill to reimburse the State of Pennsylvania for moneys advanced to the Government for war purposes.

The pending question was an amendment, offered by Mr. Hale, to strike out the words "advanced at the request of the Government for the payment of troops in the service of the United States, and under an express promise of repayment," and to insert in lieu thereof the words "expended for payment of militia in the service of the United States."

Mr. Stevens said that he thought the amendment would improve the bill, and the amendment was agreed to.

Mr. Stevens (Pa.) appealed to Mr. Blaine to withdraw his substitute, and let the bill go to the House.

Mr. Blaine stated that he had been desired by many friends of his substitute not to embarrass one bill by uniting it with the other, and as he did not wish to do so he would withdraw his amendment.

The committee rose ond reported the bill and amendments to the House, and the previons question was moved and seconded.

Mr. Broomall, of Pennsylvania, advocated the passage of the bill.

Mr. Morrill characterized the bill as an old acquaintance, and suggested that it should be recommitted to the Committee on Military Affairs, with instructions to report a bill on general principles, by which similar claimes of other States could be adjusted.

Mr. Randall, of Pennsylvania, supposed that the gentleman from Vermont [Mr. Morrill] having characterized this bill as an old acquaintance, had accorded to it a full examination. He was not fearful of any scrutiny and examination that could be made. It was a just claim; in fact, it was an obligation due to Pennsylvania by the United States Government. Its rejection would savor of repudiation. Still he tho't it right that every examination should be made into it, and, therefore, if the gentleman who had charge of the bill—

Mr. Stevens desired that it should go to the Committee on Military Affairs for further examination.

Mr. Randall. No, sir; the House knows all about it.

Mr. Boyer, of Pennsylvania, spoke in support of the bill. Like his colleague [Mr. Broomall], he, too, had been a captain in these troops. His sword was quite as bloodless and his heart quite as loyal. He thought he could answer any reasonable objection to the passage of the bill. The claim rested on a contract based on the expressed pledges of the President of the United States and Secretary of War. Pennsylvania had paid every dollar and was now here asking the amount to be refunded to her It therefore touched the credit and honor of the General Government. It was too late to raise the plea that these troops had not been mustered into the service of the United States for two reasons—first, because these services had been accepted, and second, because, after the rebel raid had been repelled, the President of the United States and Secretary of War had given their pledges that the money should be paid. It is a slander to say that those troops had refused to cross the State line

Mr. Rogers, of New Jersey, stated that some of the troops of New Jersey had not been paid

Mr. Stevens replied that he had produced evidence from the War Department positively asserting that they were paid.

Mr. Rogers said that a certain amount had been paid, but there was still $108,000 due. The claim had been sent to him last winter, with a specification of items. He did not know how much had been paid, but he knew that that balance was still due. He was told that the city of New York had also a claim due to her, and Missouri was in the same situation.

Mr. Boyer suggested that each case should stand by itself, and not be all conglomerated in an omnibus bill.

Mr. Rogers saw no reason why one State should be picked out to be paid. There should be a general bill on the subject.

Mr. Hale, of New York, moved to reconsider the vote ordering the maine question, so as to move to refer the bill.

The motion was not agreed to.

PASSAGE OF THE BILL.

The House then voted on the passage of the bill by yeas and nays, and the bill was passed—yeas 85, nays 35.

The bill, as amended, reads as follows:

That to supply deficiency in paying the army under the act of , and to reimburse the State of Pennsylvania for money expended for payment of militia in the service of the United States, the sum of eight hundred thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated. *Provided*, That before the same is paid, the claim of the said State shall be again examined and settled by the Secretary of War.

MISSOURI'S OPINION OF GEARY.—"Born among the mountains of the Keystone State, he inherits all that love of country and love of the Republican institutions of the country that has led her sons to be among the first on every battle-field where the enemies of our country have been made to strike their colors,"—*St. Louis Republican*, 1856.

THE QUAKER CITY BUSINESS COLLEGE

N. E. COR TENTH & CHESNUT STS.,

Philadelphia.

The most complete and thoroughly appointed Business or Commercial College in the country.

The only one in the city possessing a Legislative Charter, and the only one in the United States authorized to confer Degrees of Merit. Diplomas awarded to graduates in the Commercial Course under its corporate seal by authority of law.

Conducted by gentlemen of liberal education and extensive experience in business, and affording unequalled advantages for the thorough theoretical and practical education of young men for the various duties and employments of business life.

THEORY AND PRACTICE COMBINED.

by a system of

ACTUAL BUSINESS TRAINING

original and pre-eminently practical, giving the student in the shortest time a complete insight into the routine, details, customs and forms of business in general, as conducted in the best-regulated commercial and financial establishments.

THEORETICAL BOOKKEEPING

Upon a new plan, with an original exposition of the science of accounts, arranged and published by the proprietor of this Institution exclusively for his own use, saving one-half the ordinary labor of the student, and giving him a complete knowledge of the practice of the best accountants

THE COMMERCIAL COURSE

EMBRACES

Bookkeeping, Commercial Arithmetic, Penmanship, Business Correspondence, Commercial Law, Lectures on Business Affairs, Commercial Customs, Forms, and Actual Business Practice.

SPECIAL BRANCHES.

ALGEBRA AND THE HIGHER MATHEMATICS, PHONOGRAPHY, ORNAMENTAL PENMANSHIP, THE ART OF DETECTING COUNTERFEIT MONEY, ENGINEERING SURVEYING, NAVIGATION AND TELEGRAPHING.

TELEGRAPHING.

The arrangements for Telegraphing are far in advance of anything of the kind ever offered to the public. A regular Telegraph Line is connected with the Institution, with twenty branch offices in various parts of the city, where public business is transacted, and in which the students of this Institution are permitted to practice No regular office practice can be had in any other school of instruction in the country, whithout which no one can obtain a position as a practical operator. Young men are cautioned against the deceptive representations of those who, without any such facilities, pretend to teach Telegraphing

PATRONAGE.

The Institution is now enjoing the largest patronage ever bestowed upon any commercial school in the State. Over five hundred students were in attendance the first year. The best class of students may invariably be found here, and all its associations are first class.

LOCATION AND ACCOMMODATIONS.

The Institution is located in the most central part of the city, and its accomodations, for extent, elegance and convenience, are unsurpassed. All the rooms have been fitted up in the very best style with

BUSINESS OFFICES OR COUNTING HOUSES, TELEGRAPH OFFICES,

STATIONERY STORE,

AND A REGULAR

BANK OF DEPOSIT AND ISSUE,

supplied with finely-engraved lithographic notes used as a circulating medium in the Department of Actual Business.

To Young Men

who desire the very best facilities for a

PRACTICAL EDUCATION FOR BUSINESS,

we guarantee a course of instruction no where else equalled, while the reputation and standing of the Institution among business men make its endorsement the best passport to success and advancement. All contemplating entering any Commercial College, are invited to send for an

ILLUSTRATED CIRCULAR & CATALOGUE

containing complete interior views of the College, and full particulars of the course of instruction, terms, &c.

L. FAIRBANKS, A. M.,
President

T. E. MERCHANT,
Supt. of Office: Business.

Jan. 13, 1866

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been restored in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, FREE, by return mail, will please address REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,

feb10 1y. Williamsburgh, Kings Co; N. Y.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing

JOHN B. OGDEN,
No. 13 Chamber St. N. Y.

feb10 1y.

STRANGE, BUT TRUE.

Every young lady and gentleman in the United States can hear something very much to their advantage by return mail (free of charge) by addressing the undersigned. Those having fears of being humbugged will oblige by not noticing this card. All others will please address their obedient servant,

THOS. F. CHAPMAN,
831 Broadway, New York.

feb10 1y.

NEW STORE.

JUST RECEIVED AND NOW OPENING AT

CHAMBERLIN'S CORNER,

Montgomery & Mulberry streets,

HOLLIDAYSBURG,

A large supply of

FALL & WINTER

DRY GOODS,

Embracing every style, pattern and variety, both of

GENTLEMENS'

and

LADIES' WEAR.

gether with a large and complete stock of choice and fashionable

READY-MADE CLOTHING

Of all qualities, sizes and prices: cheapest in town, with an extensive variety of

BOOTS & SHOES

Direct from the Manufacturers, of Superior Quality! Including all descriptions of misses', ladies', gentlemens' and boys' wear, with a fine assortment of Gum Shoes, ladies', misses', and childrens'

HATS & CAPS.

HOSIERY, CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, BLACK and FANCY.

A fine assortment of

SHAWLS,

that will be sole at jobbing prices, with merely transportation added.

5000 YDS. PRINTS,

From 20 to 28 cts. a yard, including the finest Merrimack manufactured brown Muslins at from 22 to 45 cts., bleached do. 20 to 40 cts.

Also, A fresh assortment of

GROCERIES,
HARDWARE,
QUEENSWARE,

and all other article usually kept in a Dry Goods, Grocery and general variety store.

The Goods were all purchased for cash at the lowest market prices, and will be sold at a

Small Advance on First Cost.

Call & Examine.

No trouble to show goods. All kinds of Produce taken at the highest market price in exchange for goods.

W. H. CHAMBERLIN.

Hollidaysburg, Dec. 16, 1865.

LLOYD AND CO.,

FORWARDING and COMMISSION MERCHANTS, New Warehouse, Canal, Basin, Hollidaysburg, Pa.

NEW ORLEANS, PORTO RICO and Syrup Molasses, at the New Warehouse, Canal Basin, Hollidaysburg,

WHITE, CRUSHED & BROWN Sugars, at the New Warehouse,, Canal Basin.

CONEMAUGH, G. ALUM and DAIRY Salt, wholesale, at Lloyd & Co.'s New Warehouse Canal Basin,

BOOTS and SHOES a general assortment, all styles and prices, at the New Warehouse, Canal Basin,

CARPETS, OIL & FLOOR CLOTHS, a fine assortment, very cheap, at the New Warehouse, Canal Basin.

RIO, JAVA & LAGUIRA COFFEE at the New Warehouse Canal Basin.

MACKEREL, SHAD, HERRING, Codfish, by the barrel, half barrel, kit, and retail, at the New Warehouse, canal Basin.

SUGAR & COUNTRY CURED Hams, Sides and Shoulders, at the New Warehouse, canal Basin.

CHOP, Bran, Shorts, Corn, Oats and Feed of all kinds, at the New Warehouse, canal Basin.

FAMILY, Extra and Superfine Flour, at the New Warehouse, canal Basin.

SOAP and Candles, a full assortment, at the New Warehouse, canal Basin.

SUN Light Syrup, Boston Crystal Syrup, at New Warehouse, canal Basin.

SALT.—G. A. Salt, American Salt,—Conemaugh and Syracuse Salt, by the sack.

NAILS and Spikes, all sizes, at the New Warehouse, canal Basin.

JUST received, at the New Warehouse, canal Basin, Dry Goods, of all kinds, foreign and domestic.

CASH paid for Flour and Grain of all kinds at the New Warehouse, canal Basin.

COAL and Fish Oil, at the New Warehouse canal Basin.

TRAIN LEAVES HOLLIDAYSBURG—
At 6.55 A. M., connecting with the Day Express East, Baltimore and Philadelphia Express Trains West.
" 2.20 P. M., connecting with Cincinnati Express East, Altoona Accom. West.
" 7.25 P. M., connecting with Mail Train West and Phila. Express East at 9:35 p. m. and East Line West at 9:50 p. m.

RETURNING:

LEAVES ALTOONA--
At 9:10 A. M., on departure of Phila. Express Train West.
" 3:12 P. M., on departure of Cincinnati Express East, Altoona Accom. West.
" 8:15 P. M., on departure of Mail West.

ED. H. WILLIAMS, Gen. Superintendent.
R. PITCAIRN, Supt. Pittsburgh Division.

THE WHIG.

SAURDAY, MARCH 31, 1866.

NOTICE the advertisement of Mrs. Van Tries, in another column.

Two gentlemen can be accommodated with good board, in a private family. Inquire at this office. †

BOOTH Houses of the Pennsylvania Legislature have agreed to adjourn *sine die* on the 12th of April.

THE crowded condition of our columns prevents the publication of the list of jurors this week. They will appear in our next issue.

GOOD Templar Lodge, No. 131, of this place, consists of over one hundred members, and still increasing, which shows the energy with which this invaluable institution is conducted.

THE *Register* seems to be in for *a home fight generally*, now that the war for the Union is over. In former days the *Register* was conducted on different principles.

WE expect the WHIG will, next week, appear greatly enlarged.

THE new license law was signed by the Governor on Tuesday. No more licenses for restaurants will be issued by the Treasurer. For the information of our readers, we publish the law in another column.

WHOSO loveth good Boston Wine, Ginger, Sugar, Butter and Water Crackers will do well to call upon Geo. M. Smith, Montgomery street, as he has just received the best ever brought to this market. Call, purchase, and be convinced.

JOSEPH HALLER. of this county, had issued to him a patent by the United States Patent Office, the 6th of this month, for improvement in knitting machines. John P. Laird, of Altoona, had one issued to him on the same day for an improvement in locomotive axles.

JOSEPH STIFLER, Esq., Postmaster at Canoe creek, Blair county, will please accept our thanks for a recent favor. Mr. STIFLER is a good neighbor, a good farmer and a very clever man. Hope he may live long and continue to enjoy the high esteem of his neighbors.

LAST week Mr. E. W. Clapper, with his wife and children, and his father-in law, Peter H. Wilt, and his family, fifteen persons in all, removed from Allegheny township, in this county, to Sterling, Illinois. They were all natives born, and good citizens. Their loss will be hard to replace.

PERHAPS it would not be out of place to remind the public that Mr. C. C. PRICE has still on hand a large stock of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware and Notions and is about to replenish his store with all the new styles to be found in the markets. People should look to their interest and call on Mr. Price, corner of Blair and Montgomery streets.

LAST Saturday morning was a cooler, but the day turned out a beautiful warm one, and we strided forth and fortune led us in the direction of our famous old neighbor, Duncansville, and be it as we say, that the fates that induced us to go in that direction, were not ill-fates, but the purity of good luck. We were most agreeably surprised, not only to learn, but to see for ourselves, that that jocose friend of ours, Sheriff FUNK, has the largest and best stock of DRY GOODS, we venture to assert, in the county, and they can be had at prices surprisingly cheap. CARPET, of all figures and prices, OIL CLOTH, of the very best quality, and in short, every thing that the heart can desire in the line of clothing and housekeeping. The Sheriff's stock of GROCERIES is unsurpassed in quantity, quality and amount. His stock of SHOES must be seen and examined to be fully appreciated. BOOTS for men and boys. The stock and selection of NOTIONS displays a taste of variety and general knowledge of the business a man of more experience might envy. Call and see the SHERIFF, our word for it, you will profit by your visit.

MIFFLINTOWN, Juniata county supports three newspapers, and after the fourth of April next, will support four, namely; Juniata *Sentinel*; Juniata *Register*; Juniata *Democrat*, and the new one to be conducted by Wm. M. Allison and Co., and called the Juniata *Republican*. Verily, Juniata is growing.

A SURE THING.—As long as the wind blows, the snow falls, the rain descends, sun shines, or the grass grows, so long will beings breathe. As for such things transpiring in the Moon is beyond our power to comprehend or more than imagine. The contents of the moon of course, would be a great curiosity to us, but we need not think of impossibilities, whilst we can produce a veretable proof for the assertion that we can find in Hollidaysburg, just as astounding collection of curiosities as can be found anywhere under the moon, and that is at A. L. Deiffenbacher's store, on Montgomery street. Mr. D. keeps everything which would be of use to anybody together with a splendid assortment of useful and religious books, Photograph Albums, &c. &c. Go and inspect his goods.

THE following is the new license law as passed by the Legislature, and signed by the Governor:

AN ACT prohibiting the licensing of any person to sell vinous, spirituous, malt or brewed liquors, or any of them, or any admixtures thereof, in the counties of Blair, Westmoreland and Indiana, except to keepers of hotels, inns, or taverns, and regulating the granting of licenses.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Penasylvania, in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same*, That from and after the passage of this act, it shall not be lawful to grant to any person a license to sell vinous, spirituous, malt or brewed liquors, or any of them, or any admixture thereof, in the counties of Blair, Westmoreland, and Indiana except it be to the keepers of Hotels, Inns or Taverns: *Provided*, That nothing in this act shall be construed to prevent the manufacturers of the aforesaid liquors from selling the products of their manufactory by the cask or brarel.

Sec. 2. That no license shall hereafter be granted to any person as the keeper of a hotel inn or tavern, to sell vinous, spirituos, smalt or brewed liquors, in either of the aforsaid counties, until such person shall file with the clerk of the court of Quarter Sessions of the proper county his or her petition, accompanied by the affidavits of twelve respectable citizens of the borough or township in which the applicant proposes to keep a hotel, inn or tavern, setting forth that they are personally acquainted with him, and know him to be a citizen of the United States and a man of good moral character and temperate in his habits, that he has at least, four bed-rooms containing eight beds, for the exclusive use of travellers, and that the hotel, inn or tavern is necessary for the accomodation of the travelling public; the petition and certificate shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the court aforesaid at least, three weeks before presenting the same to the court; the applicant or petitioner, shall at the time of filing the same pay to said clerk, fifty cents for publishing notice thereof three times in two newspapers of the proper county having the largest circulation.

SEC. 3. Whenever any person or persons comply with the provisions of this act, it shall be lawful for the court of the proper county, to grant license to such person or persons for one year in accordance with the license laws of this commonwealth; *Provided however*, if it be satisfactorily shown to the said court by remonstrances, affidavits or otherwise that false statements have been made by the petitioner or those making affidavits, in regard to the moral character of the person applying for license, or his accomodation for the travelling public, then and in that case, the said court shall refuse to grant such license and shall impose a fine upon each of the persons having made affidavit to such false statement of not less than ten nor exceeding one hundred dollars, which fine shall be collected as other fines and forfeitures are now collected by law.

SEC. 4. Should any person in either of the counties aforesaid sell gin or furnish any of the aforementioned liquors or beverages to any person in violation of this act, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and pay a fine of not less than twenty nor more than one hundred dollars, with costs of prosecution; and upon a second or subsequent conviction shall be sentenced to undergo an imprisonment in the county jail of not less than three nor more than nine months at the discretion of the court.

SEC. 5. All laws or parts of laws now in force in said counties inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed, *Proaided*, That the act of assembly now in force regulating the sale af liquors by druggists, and apothecaries shall continue in force in said counties.

...HIGGINS, of Williamsburg, is a candidate for the Legislature. The Colonel is a veteran of two wars, having served in the Mexican war, and also lent a willing hand in the late war for the Union.

WE learn that a sad accident occurred to one of our townsmen, Mr. C. Malone, on the P. R. R., near the mountain tunnel, on the 27th inst. He attempted to jump on one of the Express Trains as it passed, but missing his hold, fell under the wheels, lacerating him terribly, and resulting in almost instant death. He leaves a wife and five children to mourn his untimely end.

IT is well worthy of ones time and trouble to make a visit to Mr. Chamberlin's Store on the corner Montgomery and Mulberry streets. He has just received a splendid stock of new goods and is now better prepared than ever to supply the constant increase of the demand of the public upon him. Mr. C. and his clerks are gentlemen well calculated for the business. His advertisement will appear next week giving more fully the extent of his business. Step in and see and examine his goods.

MARRIED.

On March 20, 1866, at the residence of the bride's grandfather, by Rev. Orr Lawson, Mr. W. H. CALVERT, of Logan township, Blair county, to Miss KATE A. ORR, of Sinking Valley, Blair county.

On March 22d, at the residence of J. M'Clain, by Rev. M. P. Doyle, Mr. JOHN HOHN, of Spruce Hill, Juniata county, and Miss ANNA E. LOGUE, of Altoona.

DIED.

In this place, on Tuesday morning last, GEORGE DANNALS, a hotel-keeper.

In Williamsburg, Blair county, on the 17th inst, MRS. LEAH BRUNELL, wife of Peter Brunell, Esq., aged 57 years 11 months and 19 days. She died as she lived, a Christian. For twenty-five years she was a devout member of the Methodist Episcopal church.

On the 19th of March, 1866, at Bell's Mills, MRS. CATHARINE JANE MENTZER, wife of Mr. Wm. H. Mentzer, aged 21 years 4 months and 10 days.

"She is not dead but sleepeth."

HOLLIDAYSBURG MARKET

PRICES PAID BY DEALERS.

Hollidaysburg, March 30.

Family Flour, per bbl,	$9,50
Extra " "	8,75
White wheat per bushel,	2,00
Red " "	1,80
Rye per bushel,	80
Corn per bushel,	65
Oats per bushel,	40
Barley per bushel,	65
Potatoes per bushel,	1,25
Cloverseed per bushel,	5,00
Timothy Seed per bushel,	2,50
Flax Seed per bushel,	2,00
Hay per ton,	10,00
Butter per pound,	32
Eggs per dozen,	20

RETAIL PRICES.

Family Flour, per barrel,	$10 50
Extra " "	10.00
Superfine, "	9.00@ 9.50
Rye, per bushel,	1 00
Corn, per bushel,	85@90
Oats, per bushel,	55@60
Barley, per bushel,	1.00
Potatoes, per bushel,	1 50
Butter,	37@45
Eggs, per dozen,	20

Flour Markets.

PHILADELPHIA, March 27.

Flour is dull—Northwestern extra family, $8,75@9,25; Pennsylvania, $9,50; fancy, $11 to 15. Rye flour and corn meal is nominal. Wheat—fair and choice red, $2,30@2.38. Rye steady at 85c. Corn in good request—yellow, 70c. Oats dull at 49c. No change in coffee, sugar and molasses.

PITTSBURG, March 27.

Flour in demand; sales of Extra Family from winter wheat at $10@10,60, and from spring wheat at $8,40@8, 60. Rye flour dull at $3,00 per barrel. Wheat dull and no sales. Corn; sales at 65@70. Oats firm at 40@45. Sales of barley at 65 for spring, 85@90 for fall. Rye was inactive at 75.

UNITED STATES
STEEL PEN WORKS,
Factory, Camden, N. J.

R. ESTERBROOK & CO.,
STEEL PEN MANUFACTURERS
Warehouses—403 Arch Street, Philadelphia, and 42 John St. New York.

These celebrated Pens are of Genuine American Manufacture, and comprise every leading style in the market, and are equal in finish, elasticity and fineness of point to the best imported. They are, therefore, sure to gain the confidence of the American public.

SAMPLES AND PRICES ON APPLICATION.
Lots Made to Order of any Pattern or Stamp Required.

For Sale to the Trade at the Manufacturers' Warehouses, as above; and at retail by all Stationers, Booksellers and News Dealers in the United States.

mar31 R. ESTERBROOK & CO.

A CARD.

HAVING relinquished the Milliner business in this place, I am now prepared to execute all kinds of PLAIN AND FANCY SEWING with neatness and dispatch. I will also give INSTRUCTIONS IN MUSIC, on the Piano. The patronage of the citizens of Hollidaysbug and vicinity is respectfully solicited.

mar31 MRS. C. VAN TRIES.

TIN WARE.
CHEAP FOR CASH!

The largest stock of well made Tin Ware in the State constantly kept on hand. Merchants and Dealers are invited to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

MELLOY & SMITH,
726 Market St., between 7th and 8th,
mar31-4t Philadelphia.

St. Mary's Academy,
HOLLIDAYSBURG.

This Institution, under the charge of the SISTERS OF MERCY, will open on the Second Monday of April.

Instructions will be given in all the ordinary branches of female education.

The Academic year will consist of four terms, each of eleven weeks.

Terms according to grades in Studies.

PER TERM:

First Class	$5 00
Second Class	4 00
Third Class	3 00

March 31, 1866-3m*

"AGENTS WANTED."

$175 PER MONTH. SOMETHING ENTIRELY NEW.

The Photograph Case and Family Record:

This is a great opportunity for enterprising persons of energy to make money. It is an article of which the public have felt the need. It retails at a low price, and its beauty and utility is universally acknowledged. The success which has attended its sales warrants the assurance that *one* can be sold to almost every family. We are prepared to show that we have agents who are clearing $175 every month. Address for Circulars and Terms,

RAYMOND & Co., Manuf's,
414 Chesnut street, Phila.

COFFEE.

OSBORN'S JAVA COFFEE.

The most delicious and healthful beverage known.

It is prepared from the best JAVA COFFEE, and while it has all the flavor of fine old Government Java, sells for less than half the price.

OSBORN'S JAVA COFFEE

has been steadily used for years by thousands of persons in all parts of the country, and is universally acknowledged to be at once nutritious, delicious, healthful and economica. The same quantity will make a richer and stronger cup of Coffee than any other known.

OSBORN'S JAVA COFFEE.

Is particularly recommended as a healthful beverage, and is most beneficially used by those who suffer with *headache, nervousness*, and other injurious effects from the use of other Coffee.

It is prepared with the greatest care, and contains no ingredient which is not more harmless and beneficial to the human organism than pure Coffee, to which fact the most skilful Physicians and Chemists testify.

OSBORN'S JAVA COFFEE

has been extensively used at numerous sanitary fairs throughout the Union, and received certificates of the highest recommendation.

It has also been thoroughly tested, and received the diploma of the American Institute and other prominent institutions.

Put up in 1 lb. packages, bearing the fac simile signature of Lewis A. Osborn, and in boxes of 10 and 50 pounds, and sold by Grocers generally.

Wholesale Depot and Trade Supplied by
THOS REID & CO., GLOBE MILLS,
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Tea, Coffee and spices.
Nos. 103 & 105 Warren and 269 Washington streets, N. Y. mar31

16 LOTS OF GROUND
FOR SALE.

I will sell at private sale the following lots of ground in Cambria county, *very cheap*, viz:

One in Gallatin, formerly occupied by John Harkins.

One in Summitville borough, once owned by Wm. Jackson.

One do. in same place, once occupied by William O'Niel.

One do. do., once occupied by William McLaughlin.

One do. do., once occupied by James Noel, plasterer.

One do. do., once occupied by Francis Bennet.

One do. at Lilley's Station, once occupied by Martin Meyers.

AT FOOT OF NO. 2.

Nine lots, once occupied severally by the following named persons, to wit: Wm. Dougherty, George W. Kelley, Samuel Earnest, Daniel Harkins, James Rusier, John Ashley, Michael Morrow, James O'Connor, Daniel Kiler.

J. BROTHERLINE.
March 31, 1866.

CANVASSER WANTED, at $200 per month. We want reliable agents, (none other,) male and female, to take the exclusive agency in every township and county in the United States to sell the Photograph Family Record, a work which every family will buy. It is bound like an album, but has a printed blank page opposite each photograph for a *complete* record of the Husband, wife and each child of a family; also containing a marriage certificate and pages for military history of any member of the family. Nothing like it ever published, and no work that agents can sell so readily. Old canvassers and others should send for circulars and terms. It is necessary to have copies of the work to canvass with; price by express, $2 50, $3 50 and $7, (3 styles;) money may be sent by mail. Name the townships wanted. Address

BARTLESON & CO.,
611 Chestnut street, Phila.
mar31-1m

HOWARD ASSOCIATION,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

DISEASES of the Nervous, Seminal, Urinary and Sexual Systems—new and reliable treatment——in reports of the Howard Association—Sent by mail in sealed letter envelopes free of charge Address, Dr J Skillin Houghton, Howard Association, No. South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. feb20

REGISTER'S NOTICE

To all Creditors, Legatees & others interest'd

NOTICE is hereby given, that the following Accounts have been passed and filed in the Register's Office, at Hollidaysburg, and will be presented to the Orphans' Court of Blair county for confirmation and allowance, on Wednesday, the 25th day of April next, at which time and place you may attend if you see proper, to wit:

1. The partial account of Thomas C. M'Dowell, guardian of William J. Shirley and John A. Shirley, children of James Shirley, late of Blair county, deceased.

2. The final account of Eva Barbara Kelbenslog, administratrix of the estate of John Kolbenslog, late of Altoona, Blair county, deceased.

3 The account of Jacob Burket, guardian of David Dilling, minor child of Margaret Dilling, late of Blair county, deceased.

4. The final account of Jeremiah Yerger, administrator of Philip Yerger, *Sr.*, late of Woodberry township, Blair county, deceased.

5. The account of John H. Kentner, administrator *de bonis non* of Henry Kentner, late of Logan township, Blair county, deceased.

6 The final account of John Clark, executor of the last will and testament of John Clark, late of Catharine township, in the county of Blair, deceased.

7. The final account of James Huchison, acting administrator of the estate of Samuel M'Dowell, late of Logan township, Blair county, deceased

8. The account of Aaron Beyer, administrator of the estate of Catharine Caskey, late of Antis township, Blair county, deceased.

9. The final account of E. Hammond, acting administrator of the estate of Jacob H. Barndollar, late of the borough of Martinsburg, Blair county, deceased.

10 The account of Andrew Riley and James Riley, administrators of the estate of James Riley, late of Catharine township, Blair county, deceased.

11. The account of James Dearmond, executor of the last will and testament of Joshua Morgan, late of Juniata township, Blair county, deceased.

12. The account of James Dearmond, executor of the last will and testament of Sarah M'Coy, late of Blair township, deceased.

13. The partial account of Jacob Brua and Solomon H. Isenberg, administrators of the estate of Harvey Stewart, late of Frankstown township, Blair county, deceased.

14. The final account of David W. Cowen and Jacob Cowen, Jr., administrators of Edward Cowen, late of Taylor township, Blair county, deceased

15. The account of Ruth E. Christian, administratrix of the estate of John G Christian, late of Allegheny township, Blair county, deceased.

16. The partial account of Maria Ann Boone, administratrix of the estate of Joseph Boone, late of the borough of Altoona, deceased.

17. The account of John S. Calvert, administrator of the estate of John Kough, late of Logan township, Blair county, deceased.

18. The final account of Geo. L. Cowen, executor of the last will and testament of George Biddle, late of Taylor township, Blair county, deceased.

D. M. JONES. Register.
Registers Office Hollidaysburg March 21.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following inventories of the goods and chattels of decedents, selected, set apart, and appraised for the use of the widows of the said decedents, agreeably to the 5th section of the act of April 14th, 1851, and the 1st section of the act of the 8th of April, 1869, providing for the setting apart of three hundred dollars for the use of the widows and children of decedents, will be presented to the Orphan's Court of Blair county on Wednesday, the 25th of April next, to wit:

1. The Inventory of the goods, &c., which were of Jacob Cowen, deceased, selected and appraised for the use of Mrs. Mary Cowen, widow of said deceased.

2. The Inventory of the goods, &c., which were of George Sorrach, deceased, selected and appraised for the use of Mrs. Mary Sorrach, widow of said deceased.

3. The Inventory of the goods, &c., which were of Henry Hoover, deceased, selected and appraised for the use of Mrs. Elizabeth Hoover, widow of said deceased.

4. The Inventory of the goods, &c., which were of Leonard Wilhelm, deceased, selected and appraised for the use of Mrs. Catharine Wilhelm, widow of said deceased.

5. The Inventory of the goods, &c., which were of Abraham F. Beals, deceased, selected and appraised for the use of Mrs. Mary Beals, widow of said deceased

6. The appraisement of the real estate of John Dasher, late of Freedom township, Blair county, taken by the widow of said deceased.

D. M. JONES, Register.
Registers Office Hollidaysburg March 21.

NEW FIRM.

Having associated with me my son, MICHAEL A. BOLLINGER, in the *COPPER, TIN* and *SHEET-IRON WARE* manufacturing, Also, *GAS FITTING*, under the name and style of M. A. BOLLINGER & Co, I would solicit for the New Firm a continuance of the very liberal patronage extended to me heretofore, and feel confident, by strict and prompt attention to business, which the firm will endeavor to do, to merit the same.

E. J. BOLLINGER.
Hollidaysburg, March 19, 1866.
mar.24-3t.

HOLLIDAYSBURG
MALE AND FEMALE
SEMINARY.

This instution will open on the 1st Monday of May, 1866, for a session of twenty-one Weeks. Opportunities will be afforded for pursuing all the ordinary branches of a liberal education. The school will be furnished with apparatus, charts &c.

Tuition for twenty-one weeks, $25.00, to be paid at the end of the first quarter

REV. JOSEPH WAUGH,
mar.10-3mo. Principal

WANTED, AGENTS—$75 to $200 PER MONTH for Gentlemen, and $35 to $75 for Ladies, everywhere, to introduce the Common Sense Family Sewing Machine, improved and perfected. It will hem, fell, stitch, quilt, bind, braid and embroider beautifully. Price only $20, making the elastic lock stitch, and fully Warranted for three years. We pay the above wages, or a commission from which twice that amount can be made. Address or call on C. BOWERS & CO., Office No. 225 S. Fifth street, Philadelphia, Pa. All letters answered promptly, with circulars and terms. mar31-1m

All letters and papers designed for the subscriber, should be addressed to him. Those for the office, should be addressed "WHIG OFFICE." JOHN BROTHERLINE.

200,000
Watches, Chains, Diamonds,
Bijouterie, &c.,
Worth nearly one Million Dollars! All to be
SOLD FOR
One Dollar Each, Without Regard To VALUE!!!
No Article to be Paid for until you know what it is and its Value!!!

NO LOTTERY! NO GIFT ENTERPRISE!!

LIST OF ARTICLES!

500 Solid Silver Tea sets complete.	$50 to $300
200 Rosewood and Mahogany Musical boxes	50 to 200
250 Gold Hunting Watches	75 to 250
250 Ladies Enamelled Gold Watches	50 to 200
500 Gents' Hunting Silver Watches	35 to 100
500 Open-face Silver Watches	25 to 50
500 Mother of Pearl Lorgnettes and Opera Glasses	25 to 100
300 Six Barrel Revolvers	15 to 50
300 Elegant Oil Paintings	50 to 100
250 Marble Statuettes, Busts, &c.,	50 to 200
250 Diamond Rings	50 to 100
5000 Photo. Albums, all sizes & styles	5 to 50
10000 Gold Vest and Neck chains	15 to 30
10000 Gold Thimbles, Sleeve Buttons, Lockets, &c.,	3 to 8
10000 Signet, Cluster, Chased and Plain Gold Rings	8 to 10
1000 Sets Ladies' Jewelry, all the newest styles	5 to 20
10000 Gold Pens with Silver and Solid Gold Holders	5 to 20
5000 Silver Goblets and Drinking cups	8 to 10
3000 Silver Castors, Fruit and Cake Baskets, etc.	20 to 50
20000 Other articles ranging from	1 to 100

The plan is this: Certificates naming every article of our stock are put into blank envelopes, sealed, and mixed; and when ordered are taken out without regard to choice and forwarded as directed. The holder of each certificate is entitled to whatever article it may name upon the payment of one dollar, whether that article is a two hundred and fifty dollar watch, a seventy-five dollar diamond ring or a three dollar bosom pin. Having purchased five, ten or twenty certificates, you can take just as many or just as few of the articles they severally describe as you please. You must pay one dollar apiece for all you send for however.

To reimburse us for the cost of printing mailing and advertising, we charge for certificates as follows: For five, $1; eleven $2; eighteen $3; twenty-eight $4; thirty five $5; fifty $7,50; sixty-six $10; one hundred $15; and two hundred $30.

An elegant Premium with each Club of Four Dollars or upward will be forwarded with the Certificates.

N. B.—See full list of Premiums and special terms to Agents in our circulars. Address

T. & H. GAUGHAN & CO.,
mar10-w4t. 116 Broodway, New York.

TIMBER, COAL, AND IRON ORE LANDS FOR SALE.

The subscriber offers at private sale THREE THOUSAND ACRES of *Timber, Coal and Iron Ore Lands*, situate on the Allegheny mountain seven miles north of the town of Altoona, and five miles from Blair furnace, on the Pennsylvania railroad. This land is very desirable to any person wishing to go extensively into the lumber business. The timber is white and yellow pine, hemlock, black and white oak, chestnut, hickory, &c.

The white pine and hemlock timber has been estimated by good judges to be

FORTY MILLIONS OF FEET.

The STUMPAGE of the entire tract will be sold separate from the land, or both together, to suit purchasers.

IRON ORE.

The iron ore is the same as that at Johnstown, out of which railroad iron is made. It is greatly appreciated for its value, being primitive, and readily accommodates itself in smelting.

COAL.

The coal is highly bituminous, of the same character and quality, as the Johns, own, Broad Top and Pittsburg coal.

A Geological Report will be furnished to any person desiring to purchase. Further information will be furnished at any time to persons making inquiry. Title warranted.

JOHN BROTHERLINE.
Hollidaysburg, Feb. 17, 1866.

A CARD TO INVALIDS.

A Clergymen, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the Cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been already cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, FREE OF CHARGE.

Please enclose a post-paid envelope, addressed to yourself. ADDRESS,

JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D, Bible House,
feb 17 1y. New York City.

TIMBER FOR SALE.

I will sell the Timber on a tract of land situate one and a half miles north of FOSTORIA, on the Allegheny mountain, containing 430 acres. It is white pine, hemlock, white oak, &c, suitable for lumber, railroad ties, &c.

JOHN BROTHERLINE.
Hollidaysburg, Feb. 17, 1866.

A POPULAR TREATISE ON FLOUR ALBUS, better known as LEUCORRHŒA, the whites, or female weakness, with a statement of its causes, symptoms, mode of prevention and cure without a personal interview.—*Sent free by enclosing a Stamp.* Address DR. PAPE,
feb10 3m. 1132 Broadway N. Y.

COAL & COKE.

The subscriber has on hand a large quantity of COAL and COKE, at Lilly's Station, on the Penna. Rail Road, which he will dispose of in large or small quantities, at reasonable prices. Address, Hemlock Post Office, Cambria County, Pa. WILLIAM TILBY.
Jan. 13, 1866.—3 mo.

FOR CHEAP DRY GOODS call at the New Warehouse, canal Basin.

AGRICULTURAL.

HOW TO MAKE MILKERS.

No matter what breed you have, something is necessary to reach the highest success in raising good milkers. It's a great thing to have good blood, whether it be Ayrshire, Jersey or Short Horn grades, but apart from this important advantage, the course of treatment in raising a milker is somewhat different from that in raising a beef animal, or an animal for labor.

The calf should be well fed and petted while young. Well fed, to induce a rapid growth, so as to enable the heifer to come in early; petted, to make her gentle and fond of the presence of her keepers. Fondling helps to create a quiet disposition, so important in a dairy cow, and this education must begin when young. For a milker we would have the heifer come in at two years old, and if she has been well kept, so as to have attained a good size, she is then old enough to become a cow. She will give more milk for coming in early. It forms the habit of giving milk, and habit, you know, is a sort of second nature. An older bull is better. We use too many young bulls. A three or four year old is far better as a stock getter than a yearling, and many prefer a five or six year old to any other. After the heifer has come in, let her feed be regular. Clover is preferred to all others for the stall feed. A little oatmeal induces a large flow. Indian meal is rather fattening. In bad weather, give her a clean, airy, stall.—*Massachusetts Plowman.*

FARMERS' ACCOUNTS.

From what we have learned, says the *Germantown Telegraph*, we do not think farmers are, as a rule, careful and exact enough in keeping their accounts. They should have their books as much as a mechanic or storekeeper, in which to enter their receipts and expenditures of every kind and the dates when they are made. The product of every field should be known, whatever crops may be occupied by it, and the field noted, so that a comparison may be made with the product of the same kind from other fields of equal extent, in order to get at the most profitable portions of the farm for particular crops. Indeed every item should be carefully entered, as well as an exact estimate as possible of everything consumed in the family. By this means each one can ascertain the true result of his year's operation—a circumstance which we should suppose every farmer would be especially desirous of knowing—but which, we are sorry to say, too many of them are indifferent about. An exact knowledge of the year's operations, and the success which attends them, have a stimulating effect in urging us to do better where we have not done well enough, and to maintain the gauge where well enough has been achieved. Is it not so?

FACTS WORTH REMEMBERING.

"Cosmo," in the Philadelphia *Saturday Evening Post*, gives the following facts worth remembering:

In is worth while for all farmers, everywhere, to remember that thorough culture is better than three mortgages on their farm.

That an offensive war against weeds, is five times less expensive than a defensive one.

That good fences always pay better than law suits with neighbors.

That hay is a great deal cheaper made in the summer than purchased in the winter.

That a horse who lays his ears back and looks lightning when any one approaches him, is vicious. Dont buy him.

That scrimping the feed of fatting hogs is a waste of grain.

That over-fed fowls won't lay eggs.

That educating children is money lent at a hundred per cent.

That one evening spent at home in study, is more profitable than ten in lounging about country taverns.

That cows should always be milked regularly and clean.

That it is the duty of every man to take some good, reliable, entertaining, paper, and pay for it promptly—of course.

BONES.

An exchange says there is nothing the farmer wastes that is so valuable as bones. The phosphorus contained in them is the richest matter for farming purposes. They should never be thrown away; either break them up as fine as you can and apply to the soil, or burn and pulverize them. Treated in this way, or reduced by acid or alkalies, they are the most direct stimulants the soil can have. They rank among the superphosphates. Save the bones, and give them to your garden in some form or other.

A number of Southern newspapers have been circulating statements that certain national banks were insolvent, thus misleading the people with regard to the value of the notes. It is well to reiterate that all such notes are received at the Treasury Department and by other banks at their par value, the deposit of Government bonds being sufficient to redeem them.

"Sambo, is your massa good farmer?" "Oh, yes, massa, a fus rate farmer—he make two crops in one year." "How is that Sambo?" "Why, you see he sells his hay in de fall, and make money once, and in de spring he sell de hides ob all de cattle dat die for want ob de hay, and make money twice—dats two crops, massa."

Ann Story was married to Bob Short. A very pleasant way of making a Story Short.

Chickens in his Hat.—Nat, a friend of ours, is very poor, rather light fingered, and, it is said, not so bright as his parents could wish. The other day while passing a neighbor's house, Nat saw a brood of chickens and immediately caught a fine one to carry home. He had not gone far, however, before he saw the owner coming up the road, and not knowing what to do with the chicken, to conceal it, at last succeeded in crowding it into his hat, which he again placed upon his head. But the chicken having a longing for liberty, and being also pressed for air, managed to thrust his head through an opening in Nat's old straw hat. Nat was presently accosted with—

"What have you got in your hat?"

"Nothing but my head," said Nat.

"But I see a chicken's head sticking through the top of it, Nat."

Nat taking off his hat and looking at it in feigned astonishment, exclaimed:—"Wal, how do you s'pose that critter come in there? He must have crawled up me trowsers leg!"

A California Witness.—Old Fritz, who raises pigs and cabbage, somewhere in Napa county, appeared before Judge H—as a witness:

Question by the Court: "Your name?"

Answer by Fritz:—"Vel, I cals mineself Fred. but, may be so—I ton't know—it is Yawcup. You see Mr. Chuge, mine moder, she have two leetle poys, one of them was me, and one was mine proder, and t'other was me; I ton't know which, and mine moder she ton't know; and one of us was named Fred. and tother Yawcup or one named Yawcup, and tother Fred. I ton't know which; and one of us got died—but mine moder, she never could tell whether it was me or mine proder what got died; so, Mr. Chudge, I toes not know whether I am Fred. or Yawcup—and mine moder, she ton't know!"—*Napa Reporter.*

"Did you ever present your bill to the defendant?" inquired a lawyer of his client.

"I did sir.'

And what did he say?"

"He told me to go to the devil."

"And what did you do then?"

"Why, then I came to you."

An Invention.—When the great elephant Hannibal was passing through Maryland, an ancient colored lady who had never seen an elephant met him on the road, and throwing up her hands in admiration, exclaimed, "Bress de Lord, what things they do get up fur dis war!" The old lady took him for a new Yankee invention.

I BOUGHT MY

FALL & WINTER

CLOTHING

At No. 1 Lloyd's Row!

☞ It is a universally conceded FACT that

BAYERSDORFER & BUEHLER,

Has the largest stock of Fall and Winter Clothing— the Newest Goods—the tastiest styles, the best quality of work—the lowest prices—and the most obliging salesmen are to be found in Blair County. We deems it unnecessary to enumerate—suffice to say that our stock embraces every grade and description of

MENS AND BOYS'

CLOTHING,

In single garments and whole suits,

HATS AND CAPS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
TRUNKS AND VALICES

Carpet sacks, Hosiery, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Shirts of all kinds, Drawers—in a word a complete stock of

GENTS FURNISHING GOODS,

While making the above announcement to the citizens of Hollidaysburg and vicinity, we take the pleasure in assuring them of our determination to furnish the best of goods at the very lowest prices, and our belief from the IMMENSE and attractive stock now on hand (and to which we are constantly making large additions) a ready and desirable selection may be made, suiting the taste, befitting the style and accomodating the pocket of one and all. All are therefore invited to pay us a visit and examine and price our goods, whether wishing to purchase or merely see the styles and patterns. Everything will be cheerfully exhibited as it is no trouble to show goods.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

NO. 1!

LLOYD'S ROW,

Montgomery Street.

BAYERSDORFER & BUEHLER.

☞ N. B. The highest cash prices paid for all kind of FUR SKINS. dec16-tf.

GAS-BURNING PARLOR,

AND

COOK STOVES.

THE SUBSCRIBER would respectfully inform the public, that he has just received a large supply of STOVES, of all Patterns, which he will sell at the most reduced prices. They are partly of the latest improved Pittsburgh and Philadelphia Gas-Burning, Cook and Parlor Stoves, the very latest, best and cheapest.

His shop and store is on Main street, Altoona.

He has also Tin and Sheet Iron Ware, a Coppersmithing room, and does roofing and spouting on short notice.

STEPHEN WINTERS.

Oct. 5, 1865.

PRICE

ALWAYS AHEAD.

JUST RECEIVED

AND

NOW OPENING

AT THE WELL KNOWN STAND

Corner of Blair and Montgomery street

The Second Supply

FOR THE SEASON

It became necessary to visit the City at this unusual season of the year, in consequence we are now prepared to sell as low as ever.

Dialogue Between Two Men.

James—How is it that Price sells so many goods?

Thomas—Because he keeps a large stock of good goods—sells at moderate rate, and advertises liberally.

James—And I see that he has gone to the city again, and no doubt will sell cheaper than ever.

Thomas—Yes, they say he has gone again. But I am told that goods are very scarce, in the city, and advancing in price. If so he can't sell any cheaper than he did.

James—Well, I will go and see, as I want lots of goods, and I know he will do his best.

Thomas—Yes, he'll do that. I have bought from them all; but Price is such a dogged clever fellow, I can't go round him, and he keeps nearly everything useful from a barrel of Flour to a cambric needle.

James—Sarah Smith told me he sold muslin at from 15 to 50 cts. and calico from 20 to 25, (though Price says the 20 cent is very FINE,) and shawls from $1 to $20—and any quantity of shoes.

Thomas—Then he keeps Hardware, Queensware, Groceries, and nearly everything necessary for family use; so let us go and see what he will do. jan. 9-65.

SPEER'S

SAMBURG

PORT GRAPE WINE!

CASTELLA

PORT BRANDY

FROM THE VINEYARDS OF D. CASTILIA, OPORTO.

FOUR YEARS OLD.

FROM THE VINEYARDS OF ALFRED SPEER, OF NEW JERSEY

This wine has been adopted by churches for the communion table, used in the principal Hospitals and Asylums, as the most perfect and reliable Wine to be obtained, and known to be the most healthy and invigorating Wine for family use, and superior for invalids and debilitated persons.

EXCELLENT FOR FEMALES.

Try it if you are consumptive or feeble, or want a pure Family Wine.

It is strongly recommended by all the principal physicians of this and other places.

Sold by H. B. MARTIN, Hollidaysburg. jan20-3m

BLAIR COUNTY

MARBLE YARD.

THE subscriber informs his old friends and the public in general that he still continues to carry on the *Marble Business*, in all its various branches, at the old stand, corner of Allegheny and Front streets, where he is prepared to furnish,

Headstones, Tombs,

MONUMENTS, TABLE TOPS,

MANTLES, &c., &c.,

in a neat and workmanlike manner on short notice, and on the most reasonable terms.

The public are respectfully invited to give me a call before purchasing elsewhere, as I am confident that my work and prices will satisfy any person desiring any thing in my line of business. Now is the time to get a cheap job.

JOHN FREEMAN.

Hollidaysburg, Nov. 29, 1861.

L. GAMPE & CO

HAVE OPENED A

PAINT SHOP,

In Hollidaysburg, Pa.,

and will execute, SIGN, FRESCO, ORNAMENTAL and plain ouse Painting, Varnishing, Graining, and all work usually performed by professors of the art.

By promising the most acceptable prices, we hope to acquire the patronage of the public and secure success to the establishment.

The Shop is Located on Montgomery Street, in the building formerly occupied by T. Hopkins as a saddler shop.

TIMBER FOR SALE.

I will sell the timber on 400 acres of land, within one and a half miles of Altoona. It is good for charcoal, railroad ties, building, &c.

JOHN BROTHERLINE.

Feb. 17, 1866.

If you want good IMPERIAL, YOUNG HYSON, OOLONG and JAPAN TEAS, they have just been received at the New Warehouse canal Basin.

WALL PAPER.

Just received a large and well selected stock of WALL PAPER, and for sale at DIEFFENBACHER'S STORE, Montgomery street, Hollidaysburg.

DIEFFENBACHER

Has the best assortment of Cheap Groceries, Ladies' and Children's Balmoral Boots and Shoes,
Boys' Boots,
Looking Glasses,
Glass Ware,
Buckets,
Baskets,
Tubs,
Bags,
Sleds,
Wagons,
Lamps and Chimneys,
Carts, and
Children's Gigs.

DIEFFENBACHER

Sells the best Segars and Tobacco, and the largest variety of
Yankee Notions,
Silver Plated Spoons,
Knives and Forks,
Fine Jewelry and Toys innumerable always on hand.

DIEFFENBACHER

Has the largest and best selected stock of
Stationery,
Blank Books,
Memorandums,
Diaries,
Family Bibles,
Hymn Books,
Prayer Books,
School Books,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS

Closing out at Cost.

Just received and constantly on hand a superior lot of
Sugar Cured Hams,
Shoulders,
Side Meats, &c.,
AT
DIEFFENBACHER'S STORE,
Montgomery street, Hollidaysburg, Pa.
RAGS taken in exchange for Goods.
jan27-1y

USE THE BEST.

CLOCK'S EXCELSIOR HAIR RESTORER.

CLOCK'S EXCELSIOR HAIR RESTORER

Is Warranted to
Restore Hair, if ever so Gray,
Restore Hair, if ever so Gray,
To its
Color of Earlier days,
Color of Earlier days,
Keeps the
Hair from Falling Off,
Hair from Falling Off.
Will surely
Cure all Humors of the Scalp,
Cure all Humors of the Scalp,
And make the
Hair grow on Bald Heads
Hair grow on Bald Heads
When Falling Off from Disease.

It is splendidly perfumed, and everything for a Dressing that can be desired.

DR. CLOCK'S EXCESIOR HAIR RESTORER.

For Restoring Gray Hair to its natural color, producing hair upon bald heads where the disease is not hereditary; stops hair from falling off or turning gray; healing all eruptions of the scalp, and causing harsh, wiry hair, to become soft, glossy and luxuriant, and may be dressed in any form desired.

This preparation has been fully tested by thousands, and has NEVER FAILED to accomplish all that is claimed for it when used according to directions. The proprietor is aware that many have been disappointed by the high sounding pretense of many of the preparations with which the market has been filled for a few years past, but such confidence does he place in the merits of his article that he offers to refund the money in all cases where after a thorough trial of two bottles it fails to give entire satisfaction.

It is used and recommended by the clergy and and the faculty, and meets their entire approval. It does not soil the purest linen or the nicest bonnet. It is delicately and elegantly perfumed, is easily applied, and is all that can be desired in a hair preparation. One trial will convince all of its virtues.

Call for Dr. Clock's Excelsior Hair Restorer and take no other. Sold by all druggists at $1 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $5.

Dr. F. B. CLOCK, Proprietor,
Manchester, N. H.

H. B. Martin, Druggist, Agent for Hollidaysburg, Pa. jan.20, '66

THE WHIG

JOB PRINTING OFFICE,

HOLLIDAYSBURG, PA.

We are prepared to execute at short notice and in the most approved style
CIRCULARS,
POSTERS of any size,
BUSINESS, WEDDING and
VISITING CARDS,
BALL TICKETS, PROGRAMMES
CONCERT TICKETS,
ORDER BOOKS,
LABELS of all kinds and sizes,
RECEIPTS, LEGAL BLANKS,
PHOTOGRAPHERS' CARDS,
BILL and LETTER HEADS,
PAMPHLETS,
PAPER BOOKS,
ETC. ETC. ETC. ETC.

TO

MAKE MONEY

IS TO

Save It!

And the Way to Save it is to

BUY YOUR GOODS

AT

FUNK'S STORE.

Duncansville Pa.

WHERE MAY BE FOUND A

Large, Attractive and Varied

ASSORTMENT OF

General Merchandize!

Not excelled in Blair County, embracing among a large stock of

LADIES DRESS GOODS

Plain and Fancy Dress Silks, French Merinoes, Ottaman, Cloths, Alpacas, Poplins, Cashmeres, Bombazines, Delains, Ginghams, Prints,

BROAD CLOTHS & SACKINGS,

Also, Cloaks, Circular Sacques, &c., in elegant materials and newest styles.

SHAWLS

Elegant Broche, Shetland and Wool, double and single

HOSIERY AND GLOVES,

Dress and Cloak Trimings, Ribbons, Velvets Buttons, Belting, Buckles, Hair Nets Veils, &c. in great variety,

MEN'S AND BOYS' WEAR

Broadcloths, Cashmeres, Satinetts, Jeans, Flannels and Checks, Stripes, Tickings, Muslins, bleached and brown, table diaper, crash, &c.

READY MADE CLOTHING.

A large stock, all styles and prices, for men and boys.

CARPETING AND FLOOR OIL CLOTH.

A large stock, new designs, and low prices,

THE LARGEST STOCK OF

Groceries and Provisions

In the country—to say nothing of an immense assortment of

Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes,

For men, women, boys, misses and children—which he is selling at the lowest possible prices for

CASH OR BARTER!

☞ Don't be led estray by the cries of lo here; and lo there! but put it down in your memorandum book that

FUNK'S DUNCANSVILLE STORE

Is THE PLACE to get what you want and everything you want, of the best quality, and at the lowest price.

☞ All kind of country produce taken in exchange for goods.

☞ He returns thanks for patronage received in the past, and hopes by continued efforts to accommodate his friends and customers, and the largeness and variety of his stock, to merit and receive a continuance of the support and good will of the people.

JAMES FUNK.

Duncansville, Dec. 16, 1865.

Bryant & Stratton's
Chain of National
Mercantile Colleges.

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PHILADELPHIA,

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New York City, Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, Buffalo, Detroit, Cleveland, Chicago & St. Louis.

BOOK-KEEPING, Penmanship, Commercial Arithmetic, Commercial Law, Forms, Correspondence, &c., practically taught.

These Colleges being under the same general and local management, and uniting in each the advantages of all, offer greater facilities for imparting instruction than any other similar institutions in the country.

A Scholarship issued by any one is good in all for an unlimited time.

The Philadelphia College has been recently enlarged and refurnished in a superior manner, and is now the largest and most prosperous Commercial Institution in the State.

Bryant & Stratton's series of Text Books, embracing Book-keeping, Commercial Arithmetic, and Commercial Law for sale, and sent by mail.

☞ For full particulars send for a circular. Address, STRATTON, BRYANT & Co., Philadelphia

2-9-3-8.

Prepared Expressly for the Whig

UNITED STATES OFFICERS.

	Salary.
Andrew Johnson, of Tenn. Pres.	$25,000
L. W. Foster, of Conn. Vice Pres't.	" 8,000

THE CABINET.

Wm H. Seward, of N. Y. Sec. of State.	8,000
Hugh M'Culloch of Ind Sec of the Treas	8,000
James Harlan, of Iowa, Sect. of Interior,	8,000
Gideon Welles, of Con Sec. of the Navy	8,000
E. M. Stanton, of Pa. Secretary of War.	8,000
James Speed, of Ky. Attorney General	8,000
John Deanison, of Ohio. P. Master Gen.	8,000

THE JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court of the United States.

Salmon P. Chase, of O.	Chief Justice:	6,000
J. M. Wayne, of Geo.	Associate Justice	6,000
J. Catron, of Tenn.	" "	6,000
S. Nelson, of N. Y.	" "	6,000
R. C. Grier, of Penn.	" "	6,000
N. Clifford, of Maine.	" "	6,000
John Miller of Iowa	" "	6,000
Swayne, of Ohio,	" "	6,000
Davis, Ill.	" "	6,000
Field,	" "	6,000

The Supreme Court is held at Washington.—It has but one session annually, which commences on the first Monday in December.

Circuit Courts.—The United States are divided into ten Judicial Circuits in each of which a Circuit Court is held semi-annually by a Justice of the supreme court and the District Judge of the State or District in which the court sits.

STATE OFFICERS.

Governor, Andrew G. Curtin of Centre co.
Secretary of the Commonwealth, Eli Slifer.
Attorney General, Wm, A. Meredith, of Phila.
Adjutant General, A. L. Russel.
Auditor General, Isaac Slenker.
Surveyor General, James P. Barr,
State Treasurer, W. H. Kemble, of Phil.
Supt. of Common Schools, Charles Coburn, of Bradford co.

THE JUDICIARY.

Chief Justice, George W. Woodward,
Associate Justices, James Thompson, William Strong, John M. Read, Daniel Agnew.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

President Judge, Hon. Geo. Taylor, (of huntingdon county.)
Associate Judges, Adam Moses and B. F. Rose.
Prothonotary, A. S. Morrow.
Sheriff, Martin L. Bechtel,
County Treasurer, David Stifler,
Register and Recorder, D. M. Jones.
District Attorney, J. H. Keatley.
County Commissioners, Geo. W. Hewit, Robt. Waring and John C. Biddle.
Clerk to Co. Commissioners, Joseph Baldrige
Directors of Poor, Samuel Jones, and Saml. Moore, and Stephen Hammond,
Steward of Poor House, Obed E. Chrisman.
Mechncantile Appraiser, Samuel Hoover.
County Auditors, James M'Kim, Alex. Knox. and Abraham Robeson.
County Surveyor, Henry C. Nicodemus.
Coronor, Jacob Widensall.
Supt of Common Schools, E. Elder

BOROUGH OFFICERS.

Justices of the Peace, John Gorley and J. D Leet.
Burgess, Thomas McFarlane.
Town Council, Andrew Myers, Jno. P. Brawley, Joseph H. Blackburn, Jas. A. Cramer, and Joseph Baldrige, and David Watson.
Clerk to Town Council, H. M. Baldrige.
Borough Treasurer, A. S. Landis.
Weigh Master, Mrs. Susan Jane Reeder.
Constable, James Moorehouse.
High Constable, James Moorehouse.
School Directors, S. Calvin, Pres't. Samuel S. Barr, Secy, James D. Rea, Treas. Wm. Jack, Thad. Banks, J. D. Leet.

POST OFFICES IN BLAIR CO.

Post Offices.	*Post Masters.*
Altoona,	G. W. Patton,
Antistown,	B. F. Bell,
Arch Spring,	Thomas S. Iseit,
Bruce,	D. Aurandt,
Canoe Creek,	Joseph Stifler,
Duncansville,	John M. Gibbony,
East Sharpsburg,	J. Hoover,
East Freedom,	John P. Kephart,
Eldorado,	J. J. Canan,
Frankstown,	James McGeehan
Fostoria,	H. Meyers
Hollidaysburg,	James Bingham,
Martinsburg,	Miss Martha Campbell,
Newry,	Landon Reives,
Olivia,	S. B. Ewing,
Sabbath Rest,	W. F. Sellers,
Sarah,	Paul Mauk,
Sinking Valley,	D. P. Tussey,
Spangs Mills,	J. F. Spang,
Springfield Furnace,	Wm. McClelland
Tipton,	W. P. Dysart,
Tyrone,	J. S. Plummer,
Williamsburg,	W. J. Spencer,
Yellow Springs,	Samuel J. Fox.

BLAIR COUNTY MUTUAL PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY will insure property of all descriptions as cheaply as any other safe company. This company has been in operation fourteen years, during which time it has insured property to the amount of one million four hundred thousand, yet its affairs have been managed with so much safety and economy that but six assessments have been laid on Premium Notes in the 14 years. For an insurance of one thousand dollars for that time the average expense per year has been $2; as cheap, if not cheaper, than any other mutual company.

OFFICERS—President, Thad Banks; Vice President, R. A. McMurtrie; Secretary, J. F. Fruesun.

AGENTS—Jas. Purse, J. P. Johnston, A. M. Cormick, Altoona. 1—25

For Sale!

One of Fairbanks' Platform Scales, new, weighing 2,000 pounds, at Price's store.

Also one fanning or windmill, having all the late improvements—never been used. jan. 13, '66.

GENERAL Stock of Groceries of all kinds fresh from Eastern Markets, just received at the New Warehouse, canal Basin. mar. 24-66.

THE WHIG.

HOLLIDAYSBURG:

TUESDAY MORNING, OCT. 31, 1848.

RELIGIOUS.

The Freedom Presbyterian Church will be opened for Divine Worship of Almighty God, on the first Sabbath of November, 1848, and the Ordinance of the Lord's Supper administered on the second Sabbath following. This is the first Presbyterian church in that thriving village.

"BILL JOHNSTON'S" COMING!

The Freemen of "Little Blair" are with pleasure informed that

GOV. WILLIAM F. JOHNSTON

will be in *HOLLIDAYSBURG on Thursday Next*, (Nov. 2d.) when and where they may have the gratification of hearing what he has to say about *"OLD ZACK"* and *Pennsylvania Interests.*

COME ONE!—COME ALL!!

The Governor will address the assemblage at 2 o'clock, P. M.

Tickets.

The ELECTORAL TICKETS are ready for Delivery. They may be had of JAMES M. HEWIT, Chairman of the County Committee.

Cass and the Natives.

The falsehoods and misrepresentations of the Standard in relation to the Whigs and the Natives, continue unabated. The "whopper" about Jones and Landis is passed over as coolly as the "buster" about the "Calvin Conferee." The charges against the "Calvin Conferee" having been proven by the Conferees themselves, over their own signatures, to be *without the least foundation in truth*, we thought the editor might be caused to blush at the thought of his next fabrication. In this we were mistaken. He now *casts* at the Whigs and Natives and all who voted for Johnston, if possible still greater falsehoods. He does not, however deny that the Natives in this county voted for Longstreth, according to arrangement.—MORRIS is still a Canal Commissioner, and our word for it, *the head and front* of the Natives, and one of the most proscriptive in the State, will continue to hold office in this place under his *Excellency*, notwithstanding the ranting of the Standard. The Natives are now all for Cass and Butler. They know that Cass is in favor of a foreigner being in this country twenty years before he votes, and that he spoke and voted in the United States Senate against giving a *pound of flesh* to the starving Irishmen, on the ground of economy; whilst at the same time he voted for million after million, to force the Mexicans to give up their soil. He could "swallow the whole of Mexico," but when Queen Victoria shook her petticoats, our title to "the whole of Oregon" was not quite so "clear and unquestionable" as was at first asserted.

It seems to us there must be something wrong about the man who could refuse to feed his dying fellow mortal, merely because he happens to live in a foreign country—to be an Irishman, a German, or a Frenchman. We are one common family, and ought to live and die as such, and contribute at least as freely to feed the needy *across the water*, as we would eulogize the TYRANT and the ARISTOCRAT.

The Parrot Cry—The one Idea.

It has been amusing to unprejudiced readers to observe the Parrot cry of the Standard in regard to a portion of the citizens of Philadelphia county, called *Native Americans*. It seems to be of little importance to that print what takes place adversely to the interests of the office holders; the cry is all the while, *Natives, Natives*. Preceding the Governor's election in 1847, it was roundly and boldly asserted that the Native Americans were formed *into* a most unholy league with the Whigs, and that they would, one and all, vote for Gen. IRVIN. This was a fixed fact with that veracious print. For week after week it reiterated this slang, and we are told that some were incredulous enough to believe it at the time.

The following extract from that paper of the 18th inst., will now show its own admission, that the NATIVES did *not* vote for Irvin. The editor may have forgotten what he had previously said, but that is no palliation for the sin committed on the honest and unsuspecting voters. In lamenting over his late defeat in Pennsylvania, the editor says:

"The causes are, however, readily perceived, and the remedy therefore easily applied. Many Democrats [Locofocos] have been lulled into security by regarding Governor Shunk's plurality over Irvin as the actual Democratic [Loco] majority, while the fact was that, deducting the *Native* and *Abolition* votes thrown at that election FOR THEIR OWN CANDIDATES, the real Democratic [Loco] majority was reduced to about 4,000."

We would not be much surprised to see this same Standard yet pronounce *William F. Johnston* himself a real *bona fide* Native American, although a large majority of the Natives voted for Morris Longstreth—the majority for Johnston in Philadelphia not exceeding the usual Whig majority: Or perhaps he will make *Samuel Calvin* out a real Locofoco, because many Locofocos voted for him. He might as well call Gen. *Taylor* a Native American, and deny that *Lewis Cass* is the open advocate of a law requiring foreigners to reside in this country 20 years before they vote.

NATIVISM.

Was not *JOHN BARR*, Esq., the Vice President of a Native Club in Gaysport? and is not the same Esquire Barr an active member of the Locofoco party, and has he not often presided at said party's meetings? Can the Standard answer?

SALE OF THE PUBLIC WORKS.

The Standard says they will have the *"pleasure of bestowing the offices and employment upon their own friends."* Why, my dear fellow, you have had that *pleasure* for years back, and how have you used it?—You have *cast* your "bestowals" freely on a few of the leaders, whilst you treated with scorn and contempt the laborers whom you are now promising places.—After the election they will find that you care as little about them as you have done heretofore. You do not even pay the poor man his money when he earns it, but the office holder is paid and allowed to speculate on the funds. "OLD NER" is coming! The Legislature will not allow him to be cheated out of his election. If the Public Works are not sold to a "Whig Corporation," he will make the boys *stand from under*, and if they do, he will, in all probability, have the management of them, and the result will be the same, if the works should be well conducted.

TAYLOR AND THE CONSTITUTION.

The "Blair County Central Rough and Ready Club" met in the Court House on Thursday evening last. President JOHNSTON took the Chair, and *James M. Hewit* acted as Secretary.

The meeting was ably and eloquently addressed by S. S. BLAIR, Esq., in a speech replete with sound logic and true eloquence. Mr. Blair's powers of oratory are pleasing and prepossessing, and display great ability;—he is one of the most promising young men in our State, and is destined ere long to be classed among the first orators, as well as among the first lawyers, of Pennsylvania.

He was followed by Mr. AMOS GREEN, of Antis township, in a speech which displayed a sound and well regulated mind. Mr. G. is a promising young man, and one of the "good and true" *fifty-two* majority of Antis township. *Antis* did well, but we think she will "do better" on Tuesday Next, and thereby teach her would be aristocratic rulers a lesson worth remembering. Mr. Green is the same young man that "used up" the Depot hero, in Allegheny township, previous to the last election.

J. BROTHERLINE, Esq., next addressed the Club, and concluded by offering a Resolution—which was passed unanimously—approving of the *Mass Meeting* to be held in Hollidaysburg on Saturday next, and instructing the Executive Committee of the Club to make the necessary arrangements for said Meeting.

The Ladies are invited to be present. The meeting will be addressed by the Honorables JAMES COOPER and JAMES POLLOCK.

"WANT OF EXERTION AND OVER CONFIDENCE,"

The Standard says, was the cause of their defeat at the late election. Two years ago they said it was the *rain!* No, sir, it is the want of principle—the want of honesty—of common fairness, that has aroused an indignant people against you. It is your speculations on the public money instead of paying it to those who have earned it by the sweat of their brow, that is coming up against you, and calling you to a final account. May the lesson be of use to you. May you soon learn that you have something else to do than to cry all the while, *Natives, Natives, Natives*, to keep a corrupt political party in power under the assumed name of *Democratic*.

MOST TOO FAST.

What has become of *"Old Shunk,"* who was loaded to the muzzle for the night of the last election; or the innumerable transparencies, songs, &c., that were prepared by the Locos for that important occasion?—Where is that *"carrion ox,"* that the poor man was so sneeringly taunted with in days gone by? Where is your 10 cents a day? Where is the Tariff of '46? O, ye hypocrites and revilers—the day of retribution is at hand. The people have risen in their might, and bid you depart from them.

"THAT TAYLOR ENTHUSIASM."

Did you see anything of it, Mr. Standard? You were so anxious about having a bottle of it previous to the election. The people of Blair county ordered a demijohn of it for you, and the people of Pennsylvania, not thinking that sufficient for your capacious appetite, ordered a few *pipes*. We hope you have received it. If so, you can rely upon a fresh and extensive additional supply on Tuesday Next.

SHAMEFUL.

By an article in the last Standard, the public offices are offered for sale to the highest bidder, and it says great bargains are to be had. JOHN SNODGRASS will teach the Standard leeches that he can attend to that part of the business himself—that they have no right to interfere at this late day—that he gave them out on the 4th day of March last. Nothing is said about speculating on the laborers pay for 11 months last past.

"THE DEMOCRACY IN MOTION!

"One of the Big Drops that precede the general Outpouring!

"Friday evening last was a glorious time for the lion-hearted Democracy of Hollidaysburg and Gaysport. A joint meeting of the Democratic Clubs of the two Boroughs was held at the New Hall in Hollidaysburg, and such an one as struck terror into the hearts of all those who are endeavoring to muster up a Taylor party out of the 'rotten remains' of Antimasonry, Whiggery and Nativism."—*Standard of 6th Sept.*

"OUTPOURING."—EIGHT HUNDRED AND SIXTY-SIX *majority for Johnston!*

"THE NOMINATION.

"The nomination of Morris Longstreth as the Democratic candidate for Governor, meets with an unanimity of approbation truly gratifying. Every democratic paper in the State speaks in the most flattering terms of the Farmer of Montgomery; and we have every reason to believe that his nomination will be endorsed by an old fashioned majority of *Twenty Thousand.*"—*Standard of 20th Sept.*

AFTER THE ELECTION.

"The Whigs have probably elected William F. Johnston Governor, by some 200 majority."—*Standard of 25th October.*

We understand that HENRY A. BOGUS, Esq. now of Johnstown, the gentleman who attempted to establish a *Native American newspaper* in this place, is also a warm supporter of Cass and Butler. How we NATIVES and LOCOS do swim!

☞If the "ON DIT" in the last Standard alludes to our friend MCALLISTER, as every one supposes, we consider it in exceedingly bad taste.

BLAIR COUNTY.

It is a proud fact for the working Whigs of Blair county, that the counties of Allegheny, Dauphin, Erie, Lancaster, Philadelphia, Somerset and Union, are the only counties which gave larger Whig majorities for Governor than *noble* "LITTLE BLAIR" did at the late election. She stands *8th* on the proud list. She is determined to go ahead of Dauphin and Philadelphia on Tuesday Next. Our prediction for that. Help us, every mother's son of you in the industrious county of Blair, to make this prediction good.

☞The following are the Whig majorities at the late election in Blair county for the gentlemen composing the County Ticket, viz:

Assembly—Higgins over McCormick,		901
Commissioner—Caldwell over McAllister,		624
Treasurer—Jones over Rhodes,		769
Auditor—Gwin over Lingenfelter,		860
Coroner—Conrad over Hutchison,		829
Directors of Poor.—Landis over McMullen,		724
	Feay over Koon,	830
	Bell over Rhodes,	818

Average majority, 794! Glory enough for one day!

"As a brave soldier, old Rough & Ready has gained a name and fame that will last."—[Standard of April 14th, 1847.

"Gen. Taylor, as an *honest man*, Whig or Democrat, has sufficient penetration to see through the artifices of the demagogues and place hunters, who would make a mere tool of him for their own personal aggrandizement, and accordingly he declines the honor [the Presidency] they are so anxious to confer upon him."—[Standard of May 5th, 1847.

A Candid Man.

ISRAEL PAINTER, Esq., the late Locofoco candidate for Canal Commissioner, is a TAYLOR man. Hear him. In his address as a member of the Committee appointed by a Democratic meeting held at Harrisburg, he says:

"Satisfactory information from all parts of the Union leave us no room to doubt that General ZACHARY TAYLOR, the hero of Okeechobee, Palo Alto, Resaca de la Palma, Monteray and Buena Vista, is the spontaneous favorite of the "toiling millions" of America, for the office of President of these United States; and it is a just cause of congratulation that the people, they who pay our taxes, fight our battles and make our Presidents by their votes, have taken the matter of the selection of a candidate into their own hands, and are calmly but resolutely moving forward in the exercise of one of their dearest rights, guaranteed them by the blood of their revolutionary fathers."

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE.

As we last week thought, the vote in Centre turns out to be incorrect. Parker's majority in the county instead of being 904, is 880; which leaves Calvin's majority in the district, 64.

☞We cheerfully give place to the following communication We know of no one more deserving, who has higher claims, or who is better qualified for the post named, than Hon. JAMES COOPER.

For the Whig.

United States' Senator.

MR. SLENTZ:—I am glad to see that the almost universal voice of the Whig party awards to the Hon. JAMES COOPER the post of *U. S Senator*. This is as it should be; for there is no worthier man in Pennsylvania—no man who is more deserving of this honorable distinction, and no man whose acknowledged capacity and knowledge of the wants and interests of the community, better qualify him for the position. For years he has labored for the success of the party: In his patriotic devotion to its principles and its candidates, he has never wavered. Having claims himself upon his party, he has ever been ready to relinquish them where the weal of the party demanded it; and then with that spirit of generous magnanimity which has characterized his whole public life, he has been the first to buckle on his armor; the last to quit the fight—ever fighting where the battle raged the hottest, and where great talent and burning eloquence were most required. Our late success is greatly to be attributed to his self sacrificing zeal for his party, and his declination of a nomination for Governor in favor of Gov. JOHNSTON—and his friends can only repay this debt which is due to him, by giving him their undivided support for the honorable post which the people of the State so unanimously award to him.

JUSTICE.

The Sentiments of two Men.

"The hearts of the people must be prepared for WAR."

Lewis Cass, in the Senate of the United States.

"I sincerely rejoice in the prospect of PEACE.—My life has been devoted to arms, yet I look upon war at all times and under all circumstances, as a national calamity, to be avoided if compatible with national honor."

Zachary Taylor, in his Allison letter.

"We might swallow the whole of Mexico without being hurt by it."

Lewis Cass in the Senate of the United States.

"The principles of our Government, as well as its true policy, are opposed to the subjugation of other nations, and the dismemberment of other countries by conquest. In the language of the great Washington, 'Why should we quit our own to stand on foreign ground.'"

Zachary Taylor, in his Allison letter.

Compare these together reader, and determine which is the most Christian like, humane and patriotic language.

A CONTRAST.

TAYLOR OPPOSED TO SLAVERY EXTENSION.—There can be no doubt about Gen. Taylor being opposed to slavery. His letters to Gen. Gaines and the Cincinnati Signal are proof of this fact. That he lives in a slave state is no argument that he wishes its extension. Thousands of the citizens of the south believe slavery to be wrong in every aspect in which it can be viewed.—*Washington Union*, Aug. 5, 1848.

CASS IN FAVOR OF SLAVERY EXTENSION.—At all events, we are happy to understand by private letters that Gen. Cass firmly stands the ground which he has taken. Being applied to formally by a man or two of the Wilmot stamp, he declared unhesitatingly that he adhered to his Nicholson letter and to the Baltimore platform, and that if elected President, he would veto the Wilmot proviso.—*Washington Union*, Aug. 1, 1848.

☞We invite attention to the advertisement of P McNally His stock of Cloths and Clothing is very large, and for quality and beauty, will compare with that of any other establishment in the place. Give him a call.

Noble Toast.—Among the toasts given at Pass Christian, was the following:

"Gen. ZACHARY TAYLOR, our honored guest—Great in his incorruptible honesty; strong in his inflexible firmness; invincible in his steady independence; as a soldier, deliberate and cool in action, wise in council, and a successful conquerer; a man who has done his whole duty as a citizen and as a soldier."

"OLD ZACK'S COMING."

PENNSYLVANIA.

The official returns, as published in the Harrisburg papers, give WM. F. JOHNSTON a majority of 305!!

The vote for Canal Commissioner is not yet given complete, We will publish the official table as soon as received.

OHIO.

Majority for Governor Ford, 344!

FLORIDA.

Majority for the Whig Governor 550! and for the Whig Congressman 733!

REMEMBER

Tuesday NEXT!

LOOK OUT FOR

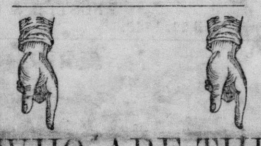
Frauds!

We are informed that Cass Electoral tickets are already extensively circulated through the country, headed "Taylor Ticket," for the purpose of deceiving the unwary, and cheating them into voting for Cass. Friends of Taylor be active, and see that no such frauds are allowed to cheat Gen. Taylor out of the vote of Pennsylvania. Remember that every scheme will be practiced by those in power to cheat and deceive, and be prepared to arrest and expose them.—Every friend of Taylor should be vigilant from this time until the election in the discharge of his duty to himself, to his country, and to his country's true friend, old Zack.

The following is the genuine Taylor Electoral Ticket:

ELECTORS.

John P Sanderson	Francis Tyler
Thomas M T McKennan	Henry Johnson
Joseph G Clarkson	William Colder
John P Weiherill	William McIlvain
James M Davis	Charles W Fisher
Thomas W Duffield	Andrew G Curtin
Daniel O Hitner	Thomas R Davidson
Joshua Dungan	Joseph Markle
John D Steele	Daniel Agnew
John Landes	Andrew W Loomis
Joseph Schmucker	Richard Irwin
Charles Snyder	Thomas H Sill
William G Hurley	Samuel A Purviance



WHO ARE THE Natives?

The locofoco prints are attempting to identify the whig party with the *Native Americans*. All those wishing information upon the subject are invited to a perusal of the following facts, as evidence of the party that really sympathizes with such opinions.

Maine gave Polk, in 1844, over eleven thousand majority. The constitution of that state runs thus,—"He [the Governor] must be a NATIVE BORN citizen of the United States."

New York, which gave Polk a majority of 5106—provides in her constitution that "no person is eligible to the office of Governor unless a NATIVE BORN citizen of the United States."

In Virginia, which gave Polk 6,500 majority, the constitution requires a Governor to be a "NATIVE BORN citizen of the United States."

In Alabama, where Polk had a majority of 11,556, the constitution says that "he [the Governor] must be a NATIVE BORN citizen of the United States."

Arkansas gave Polk 4500 majority, and its constitution provides that the Governor must be "a NATIVE BORN citizen of the United States."

And lastly, the constitution of Missouri, whose locofocoism no one can doubt, and which gave Polk a majority of 12,000 votes, declares "that in order to hold the office of Governor must be a NATURAL BORN citizen of the United States."

In no one single whig state in the Union is such a qualification provided. We ask, therefore, that no confidence may be placed in the assertions of locofoco prints on this point. It is, perhaps, a homely but nevertheless a true adage, that "actions speak louder than words" Locofocoism has proved itself, according to this criterion, the friend and supporter of Nativism. Adopted citizens, be not deceived—give your influence to put and continue the Whigs in power, and your interests are then safe.—[Chambersburg Whig.

WE CAN & WILL DO IT!

To insure the State of Pennsylvania for Old Zach by the votes of thousands, we have only to satisfy the people of the truth, that his election will make this glorious Whig state like a bee hive. That we shall have no more of Sir John Guest, and his friends of the English nobility, sending cargo after cargo of their iron, to put out the fires of our furnaces; no more of a surplus of forty millions per annum of a ballance of trade against us, by the importation of a glut of the proceeds of English weavers and spinners, to stop our cotton spindles from turning round, and our looms from spreading out our cotton and woolen cloths.

Our farmers must now be convinced that they will have a market at home for their garden truck, and their small articles of produce which are never shipped abroad; that home consumption goes by millions of bushels of grain, and that exportation, never but in case of famine, requires more than a few thousand bushels; that New England is a far better market than old England for every species of grain and breadstuffs.

We have the decided advantage of our opponents, for we need but the dissemination of the truth in everything, and they have to resort to every species of device to account for the simple fact that our consumption is overloaded with the proceeds of pauper labor, stealing our market from our own hardy workmen Our lovers of freedom to the human race must know that whig doctrine is to leave slavery where the constitution has left it, and that the election of Cass and Butler is sure to extend it over soil now free.

We can do it, and we will do it! We will have for our next President honest old Zach, because we love him for his frank, manly and noble conduct in every thing he has ever done in the whole course of his life, and because he has promised to be the exponent of those whig principles which ever have, and ever will be dear to all who prefer good morals to loose principles, and a protected industry to a listless and dangerous idleness.—[News.

Read!

Testimony of G. W. Bowman.

CHOICE EXTRACTS.

We clip the following extracts from the Bedford Gazette, a locofoco paper, edited and published by Geo. W. Bowman, who held the commission of Adjutant General under the late administration of Gov. Shunk:

"Could Gen. Taylor be transferred directly from the field of battle to the Presidential chair, without an election, we would have no fears for the result."—Bedford Gazette, April 9, 1847.

"Gen. TAYLOR has already won laurels that will never fade. His name is already associated with every thing held dear by freemen, and his fame will be handed down from generation to generation as one of the greatest men of the age in which he lived.—WASHINGTON, JACKSON and TAYLOR are names worthy to be associated together, and true patriots will venerate them in all time to come."—Bedford Gazette, April 9, 1847.

"GEN. TAYLOR.—We are glad to see that the Democratic press, not only of Pennsylvania, but of the whole Union, speak as with one voice in doing justice to the merits of the brave old warrior whose name stands at the head of this article. The whigs do not praise him because of their devotion to his deeds of valor, but because they hope to use him for the purpose of making political capital for their dirty, little rotten party. The democrats praise Gen. Taylor because they are wedded to the acts that have made him the admired and beloved of the only free country on earth—whilst the whigs praise him because they think it will give strength to their party. They have no love for the old General, and well he knows it. The whigs by professing to admire Gen. Taylor, do more to tarnish his fame than they could do if they were to hurl all the thunderbolts of abuse at him that they are now heaping upon James K. Polk. The praise in this matter is slander, and we have no hesitation in saying that Gen. Taylor so considers it. *Gen Taylor will never be the candidate of the whigs.*"—Bedford Gazette, May 7, 1847.

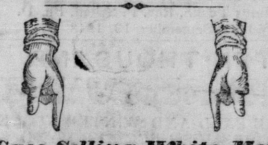
"We do not see the Democratic papers assail Gen. Taylor, they admire his patriotism—applaud his gallantry, and admit most cordially and sincerely that he meets the confidence of his country in ANY STATION IN WHICH HE MAY BE PLACED."—Bedford Gazette, June 4, 1847.

"Gen. Taylor's fame and future advancement would be quite as safe in the hands of the Mexicans, as they would be if placed in the hands of the Federalists of this country. The democrats will take care, however, that ample justice is done this *good old man*."—Bedford Gazette, June 18, 1847.

"Some folks seem to entertain great anxiety to know the political sentiments of Gen. Taylor, a question about which there ought not to be a particle of doubt. Gen. Taylor is a democrat, 'and nothing else.'"—Bedford Gazette, June 25, 1847.

"We have no hesitation in saying that *we go flat-footed for Gen. Taylor.*"—Bedford Gazette, August 27, 1847.

"As regards Gen. Taylor, we have no hesitation in saying that *he is our choice for President* provided his political opinions accord with the principles of democracy, and he is nominated by a regular National Convention."—Bedford Gazette, October 22, 1847.



Cass Selling White Men TONEGROES!

It is with humiliation, (says the Detroit Advertiser,) that we examine our old statute books, while Lewis Cass was Governor of Michigan Territory, and find some of the most God dishonoring, oppressive, tyrannical, and outrageous laws therein recorded, that ever disgraced the statutes of the most tyrannical monarch. The following is a specimen of the enactments by which Lewis Cass used to govern the territory of Michigan:—

"AN ACT for the punishment of idle and disorderly persons."

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Governor and Judges of the Territory of Michigan, that any Justice of the Peace, on conviction, may sentence any vagrant, lewd, idle, or disorderly person, *stubborn servants*, common drunkards, common night walkers, pilferers, or any persons wanton or licentious in speech, indecent in behaviour, common railers or brawlers, such as neglect their calling and employment, misspend what they earn, and do not provide for themselves and families, TO BE WHIPPED, not exceeding TEN STRIPES, or to be delivered over to any constable, to be employed in labor not exceeding three months; by such constables to be HIRED OUT FOR THE BEST WAGES that can be procured, the proceeds of which to be applied to the use of the poor of the county. Made, adopted and published at Detroit, the 28th day of July, 1818. LEWIS CASS,

Governer of the Territory of Michigan.

There are highly respectable citizens now living within the sound of a bugle from Detroit, whose SCARRED BACKS, from wounds inflicted by the cat-o-nine-tails, and this law of Lewis Cass, are living witnesses that the law was most *unmercifully* and *barbarously* executed. We ask the reader to look back and read the law again, where white men under the approval of Lewis Cass, were actually

HORSE WHIPPED for BEING POOR!

And even this not satisfying the unsatiated gloating for an exercise of power over the people—after having his bare back dreadfully lacerated by the cat o-nine-tails, in the hands of some revengeful or artless half bred constable, the unfortunate man was subject to be

SOLD INTO SLAVERY!!

to redeem his liberty by the sweat of his brow; and in one case at least, under the operation of Mr. Cass' humane white slavery law. *a white man was sold to a negro!* here on the free soil of Michigan! This strange & horrible scene was described to us a day or two since by an old resident, as being one of the most heart rending and awful that could be witnessed by human eyes. The circumstance is well known to the old residents here. The foregoing fact is fully corroborated by the following from Nile's Register, published at the time.

A WHITE MAN SOLD TO A NEGRO.

'*The Tables Turned.*'—Under this head we notice a case that recently occurred at Detroit. There is a law in this territory that provides for the selling of idle and dissolute persons at public auction. At one of these sales, a negro bought a white man and ordered him to follow his master, which order was obeyed.—But the poor black took his servant to the steamboat and paid his passage, and restored him to his freedom—satisfied with sending him out of the Territory.

Every effort was made by the citizens to prevent a scene so disgusting to the moral sensibilities of freemen, but the rigor of Gen. Cass' *edict* forbid it. But thanks to the better feelings of the negro, who had just emerged from bondage and began to know the value of liberty—being more humane than the law givers, set his bondman free, by sending him out of the reach of the law that sold him into servitude.

It is true that the democrats go for more land.—[Pennsylvanian.

The democrats must be very much distressed to find, that whilst going for more land they are *losing ground*, every day.—[Louisville Jour.

The Hon. DIXON H LEWIS, U. S. Senator from Alabama, died at the National Hotel, New York, on Wednesday last.

A CAPITAL SONG.

BY GEORGE P. WOODMAN.

TUNE—"*Oh Susanna.*"

Come, young Whigs all, now sing a song for our good nominee,
He's coming from Pascagoula, our President to be;
Come great and small, come one and all, the moment now is nigh,
When we can triumph, if we will—we've only got to try.

Old Zack Taylor, he's the man for me,
He comes from Buena Vista,
He's the People's Nominee. *(Repeat.)*

For Lewis Cass, alack! alas! came to the conclusion,
He couldn't speak his sentiments, *"because of the confusion;"*
And Matty Van is on the track, but he had better fly,
Old Zack will put him on his back—*"Free Soilers" don't you cry.*

Old Zack Taylor, he's the man for me, &c.

I had a dream the other night, when all around was still;
I thought I saw old Kinderhook *"a going down the hill."*
A cabbage stump was in his mouth, the tear was in his eye,
Says he, we're beaten, North and South, but 'JOHNNY' *don't you cry.*

Old Zack Taylor, has the start of me, &c.

Then, young Whigs all, let's sing a song for our good nominee,
Who's coming from Pascagoula our President to be;
Come great and small, come one and all, the moment now is nigh,
When we can triumph, if we will—*don't let this chance go by.*

Old Zack Taylor, he's the man for me, &c.

WHO SHOULD VOTE FOR

Old Zack?

Every man concerned in the mining of coal, or who are in any wise interested in the coal trade and coal mines.

Every man who owns railroad stock, or is in any wise connected with the success of railroads.

Every man who is concerned in the mining of iron, or in any wise interested in the production of American iron or its products.

Every person employed in the manufacture of any article of cotton or wool, or of any of the metals.

Every person employed in building houses or stores or in renting real estate of any kind.

Every man who wishes good customers for any article he may have for sale, because what he desires to have is consumers, and they can only buy and pay while industriously employed.

Every farmer who wishes a steady market for all he raises, either of live stock or grain or vegetables.

Every man who labors at any industrious pursuit; for locofoco 'free trade' by paralyzing the general industry of the country, depresses the value of labor, and lowers the price of wages.

Every man who wishes America to be independent of the evils resulting from monarchical governments, which make the rich richer and the poor poorer.

Every man who wishes the will of the people to govern in making the laws, and not the will of one man.

☞In an article relative to the glorious victory achieved by the whig party in this state, the North American has the following:

"To the honest masses, the colliers, mechanics and working men, is the whig party especially indebted for this triumph. In all the mining and manufacturing counties, there have been large gains among those who have been heretofore cheated into the support of democracy under its deceptive disguises, but who have at last awakened to a sense of their wrongs and the men by whom they were imposed. This example will cheer the sons of toil every where; for the result in Pennsylvania is a victory of working men. Whigs of the Union, we extend to you the hand of fellowship, and all we ask for Pennsylvania is the position which she has won."

"Old Zack is Coming!"—At a most critical period of the battle of Buena Vista, a soldier, as we learn from Capt. Bragg, raised, in a loud clear voice, the shout—*"Old Zack is coming"*—and that shout, caught up and re-echoed through the army, was equal to a reinforcement of ten thousand men.

We are now in the midst of a crisis in the great Presidential battle. Let the whig cry be, *"Old Zack is coming!"* Indeed the glorious old hero is coming, and his name shouted through our ranks, will fill every heart with the spirit of victory.—[Louisville Jour.

LATE FOREIGN NEWS.

The steamship Europa, which sailed from Liverpool on the 14th, arrived at New York on Wednesday afternoon about 2 o'clock. The Continent was still in a ferment and involved in war. The cholera which had desolated the eastern parts of Europe, had at last reached Great Britain. W. Smith O'Brien had been found guilty of high treason and sentenced to be hanged. Terrence B. M'Manus had also been convicted and sentenced to death. Commercial affairs were languishing, and flour and corn had declined one shilling, and cotton 1-8th per pound on the lower qualities. The reports from the manufacturing districts is again discouraging. The weather had undergone a favorable change.

GREAT ATTRACTION.

PETER M'NALLY

HAS just returned from the Eastern Cities with his Fall and Winter supply of *Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, READY MADE CLOTHING, &c &c.*, which are now being opened at his large Establishment on Montgomery street, three doors south of the Store of George Bingham & Co.

Now is the time and this the store where the greatest bargains in Cloths and Clothing are to be had.—He would respectfully call the attention of the public to his Clothing Establishment as offering inducements to purchasers of clothing that no others can offer, having the most extensive assortment and variety ever offered in one store in this place. All sizes fitted and all tastes suited, from the Boy of 2 years old and upwards. Gentlemen's clothing made to order, at the shortest notice, in the most fashionable and durable manner, & at prices lower than can be had elsewhere.

He returns thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed upon him, and respectfully asks a continuance of the same. The public are kindly invited to examine his goods before purchasing from others.

Hollidaysburg, Oct. 31, 1848.

NOTICE.

LETTERS of Administration having been granted by the Register of Blair county to the undersigned, on the estate of WILLIAM CURN, deceased, late of N. Woodberry township, deceased, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate, to come forward and make payment without delay, and those having claims against the same, are requested to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement.

BARNABAS FARRELL, Adm'r.

Oct. 31, 1848-6t*

STOVE PIPE

OF ALL SIZES.

JAMES BARBOUR has now on hand a large quantity of STOVE PIPE, which will be sold low for CASH or approved Country Produce. His Establishment is in Montgomery street, directly opposite the Office of the "Whig."

Hollidaysburg, Oct. 3, 1848.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

ARISTEDE RODRIGUE, M. D., Office and Residence next door to Geo. Bingham and Co's. Dry Goods Store, Montgomery street.

BLAIR COUNTY WHIG Job Printing Office Montgomery st., 2 doors North of Reynolds' Hote

D. WILLIAMS, Fashionable Barber and Hair Dresser, Montgomery street, one door from Juniata street.

EXCHANGE HOTEL, William Reynolds, jr., Corner of Montgomery and Mulberry streets.

GEO. BINGHAM & Co., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Dry Goods and Groceries, No. 5, Lloyd's Row, Montgomery street.

GEO. W. JOHNSTON, Justice of the Peace and Scrivener, in the room formerly occupied by the County Commissioners, opposite the Post Office.

GANS & HEITER, Dealers in Ready Made Clothing, Juniata street, one door west of the United States Hotel.

HENRY S. VAN TRIES, Watch-maker and Jeweller, Montgomery street, a few doors south of the Diamond.

I. W. BUNKER, Blacksmith, corner of Juniata and Union streets, next door to D. Goodfellow's Store.

J. A. LANDIS, M. D., Office and Dwelling on Montgomery street, North of the Diamond.

JAMES GARDNER & Co., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Dry Goods and Groceries, No. 4, Lloyd's Row, Montgomery street.

JACOB BOLLINGER, Chair Manufacturer, two squares east of the Court house, sign of the Settee.

JAMES COFFEY, M. D., Allegheny street, five doors west of the Diamond.

JAMES BARBOUR, Worker in Copper, Tin and Sheet Iron, Montgomery street, a few doors south of the Diamond.

J. W. McCORD, Saddle, Harness and Trunk Manufacturer, Montgomery streets, between Allegheny and Mulberry.

JAMES BELL, Draper and Tailor, Montgomery street, one door north of the Bank.

JOHN MARTIN, House, Sign, Coach and Ornamental Painter, Juniata street, nearly opposite D. Leech & Co's. Ware-house.

JOHN COX, Justice of the Peace and Scrivener, Montgomery street, two doors South of Mulberry street.

JESSE M. GROVES, Manufacturer of Monuments, Tombs and Grave-stones, North-east corner of Union and Mulberry streets.

JESSE LINDSAY, (Agent for Ober & McConkey) Drug, Paint, Fruit and Variety Store, Montgom. street, between Mulberry and Blair.

MARTIN BOOCKS, Cabinet Manufacturer, Alleghey street, entrance through the Alley opposite Hammer's Hotel.

MRS. SOPHIA SMITH'S Refectory, Allegheny street, in the basement of the American House.

PROCTOR & FRAMPTON, Saddle and Harness Manufacturers, Montgomery street, opposite the Hollidaysburg Drug Store.

ROBERT M. LEMON, Dealer in Bituminous Coal, Hollidaysburg, Pa.

ROB'T. WILLIAMS, Dealer in Fancy and Staple Dry Goods, Stationery, Hardware, Queensware, and Family Groceries, corner of Montgomery and Mulberry streets.

R. W. CHRISTY, M. D., Montgomery street, in the room recently occupied by T. J. Coffey, Esq.

STEEL BLAIR, Attorney at Law, Hollidaysburg, will attend to all business entrusted to his care in Huntingdon, Bedford, Cambria and Indiana counties.

SAMUEL CONFER, North-west corner of the Diamond, where the best Drugs, Medicines and Groceries can always be had.

THOMAS McNAMARA, (Agent for S. S. Blair,) Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware and Queensware, North-east corner of Montgomery street and the Diamond.

UNITED STATES' HOTEL, John Daugherty, North-west corner of Juniata and Wayne streets.

WILLIAM NESBIT, Fashionable Barber and Hair Dresser, and Dealer in Toilet Soaps and Perfumery, Montgomery street, a few doors north of the Bank.

NEW HARDWARE STORE.

ADJOINING THE AMERICAN HOUSE.

THE subscriber would most respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has now opened his stock of

HARDWARE.

Particular care has been bestowed in making his selections to suit the wants of the country. His arrangements have been made with the largest importing house in the city, which will enable him to furnish anything in his line of the very best quality, and at the lowest prices, and his American Hardware, direct from the Eastern manufactories, will enable him to furnish a bill of Hardware as low as it can be bought in the city of Philadelphia. Persons building, or merchants, will be supplied at city prices. He has now the

LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTMENT

ever opened in this part of the country, consisting of Building Materials in general—Machinists and Mechanics Tools of every description—Table and Pocket Cutlery—a full and large assortment of Saddlery and Coach Ware—Britania Ware—Mill and X Cut Saws—Grain and Grass Scythes—Shovels, Spades, Hoes and Forks—Gun Barrels and Mountings—Paints, Glass, Oils and Varnishes—Mahogany Veneers, Whips, Cedar Ware and Sieves—Fluid Lamps and Fluid—Looking Glasses—Steel, Bar Iron and Nails. He has also made a contract for one of the best *AIR TIGHT COOK STOVES*, for either coal or wood, ever brought to this market. Every thing in his line will be sold at the lowest prices for CASH. Give him a call, examine his stock and prices, and then judge for yourselves.

☞Don't forget to call in at the sign of the BIG SAW. ALBERT F. OSTERLOH,

Hollidaysburg, April 15, 1848. Allegheny st.

SOMETHING NEW FOR

BLAIR COUNTY.

WHOLESALE BRAD, SHOE NAIL AND TACK MANUFACTORY.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform the Merchants and others of this and the surrounding counties that he has erected at the foot of Plane No. 10, Allegheny Portage Rail Road, an establishment for the manufacture of all kinds of Brads, Tacks, and Shoe Nails, which he will warrant equal, if not superior to any made in the Union. Merchants and all others who deal in the article, will do well to send him their orders, as he will sell to them as cheap as they can be purchased in the East, and on the same terms. All orders from a distance will be promptly filled by addressing the undersigned at Duncansville, Blair county, Penn'a, or A. F. Osterloh, Agent, Hollidaysburg, Pa. CHARLES CHENEY.

N. B.—These Brads are manufactured from the best Juniata Iron.

Duncansville, Oct. 3, 1848.

HOLLIDAYSBURG
MALE AND FEMALE
ACADEMY.

REV. SAMUEL PHILIPS, A. B.
HENRY L. GERHART,
Teachers.

THIS Institution will commence operations on Thursday, 5th of October, in the Lecture Room of the Baptist church. The liberal patronage it has already received in its infant state, and the interest manifested on the part of the community in its future prosperity, give the hope that it will prove satisfactory to the public. No effort will be spared on the part of the Teachers to secure all the moral and intellectual advanvages which flow from similar institutions.—Their object shall be to impart to their pupils that constant, kind and careful supervision which is necessary to the proper developement of the moral and mental qualities of youth. Their system of instruction will embrace *a thorough English Education, together with a knowledge of the Languages.*

GOVERNMENT.

Strictness in discipline will be connected with a parents tenderness. To rule with affection by securing the confidence and respect of the student, will be the constant aim of the Teachers. To this end no disciplinary measures will be adopted but such as will secure the most implicit and cheerful compliance with all requirements. Special attention will be paid to the health of the pupil, and to such mental discipline and accuracy of thought, which are necessary, either to the pursuits of business, or to the attainment of a more finished education at College.

MODE OF INSTRUCTION.

Every lower branch of education must be learned thoroughly and understandingly before proceeding to a higher. Subjects must be studied rather than authors. Familiar lectures will be delivered on each branch of study. Regular systematic exercises in Declamation, Composition, Oratory and Debate, will be connected with the school. It will be the aim of the Teachers to make the pupil think for himself and reduce to practice the principles learned.

COURSE OF STUDY.

This will embrace—
The Languages—French, Latin, Greek & German.
A systematic course of Mathematics.
The various branches of Natural Science.
Mental and Moral Science.

It will be the object of the School to give the course of study as systematic a form as circumstances will permit. Particular regard will be had for exercises in Writing and Speaking. The social and moral cultivation of the student will be strictly regarded.

TERMS.

Languages in connectinn with the English	$5,00
English Branches,	4,00
Grammar and Geography,	3,00

At the close of each Quarter a public examination will take place, after which a public exhibition will be given.——Private instruction will be given to young ladies and gentlemen if desirable.——Boarding may b obtained in Hollidaysburg on reasonable terms.

References as to Character and Ability.—Rev. John W. Nevin, D. D., President of Marshall College—Hon. W. McKinstry, John McDowell, M. D., Rev. Septimus Tustin, Rev. P. Schaff, Ph. D.

Hollidaysburg, September, 19, 1848.–tf.

TEN THOUSAND PURCHASERS WANTED

FOR THE FALL AND WINTER STOCK OF GOODS JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE BY

J. C. Innes & Co.

No 2, Lloyd's Row, Hollidaysburg, Penn'a.

THIS STOCK consists of every description of

DRY GOODS

That can possibly be needed, either by ladies or gentlemen, and those in want will save many DOLLARS by calling *at once* and making their selections. We have a large assortment of

Groceries, Hardware,
QUEENSWARE, HATS & CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES, &c., &c.

Forming, with many other articles in the Fancy way, a well selected stock of goods. Having been bought cheap, they will be sold

Remarkably Low

The public generally are invited to call and examine our stock, as they will meet with a rich reward in the style and quality of the goods and the prices at which they will be sold.

Calicoes for 3 cents and almanacs for nothing.
Country produce taken. "Look before you buy."
Oct 10th, 1848.

WASHINGTON HOUSE.

HARRISBURG, PENN'A.

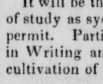
THIS Popular House has recently undergone a thorough repair, and been furnished with entire new furniture, of the best quality. Members of the Legislature and others, visiting the Seat of Government, will find it a very desirable stopping place.

Charges moderate.

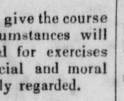
WM. T. SANDERS, Agent.

Harrisburg, July 25, 1848–6m.

SLAUGHTERING !



JOHN HAYS,



RESPECTFULLY informs his old customers and the public in general, that he still continues the Victualling Business, at the old stand, first stall in the market house, south side, where he will have for sale every market morning, fresh

BEEF, PORK, VEAL, MUTTON, SAUSAGES, &c.,

which he will always warrant equal in quality of cheapness to any brought to the market. For the liberal patronage bestowed upon the subscriber for a long time, he returns thanks, and solicits a continuance of the same. ☞Fresh meat can be had at the Slaughter house every morning during the summer.

Hollidaysburg, May 9, 1848.

MONEY REMITTED TO EUROPE THROUGH

HARNDEN & CO.,

To either of the following Countries :

England, Ireland, Scotland, Wales, France, Germany, Prussia, Austria, Denmark, Bohemia, Switzerland, Belgium, Holland, &c.

Also—Steerage Passage procured. Apply to GEO. BINGHAM.

Hollidaysburg, Feb. 26, 1848–tf.

DWELLING HOUSES.

TWO good Dwelling Houses and Lots, well situated in the Borough of Hollidaysburg, and for sale.—Enquire of THOS. McNAMARA.

June 13, 1848–tf.

WATER Crackers, Bacon, Cheese, Cranberries Sweet Potatoes, Lard, Soap, Candles, Molasses, Sugar, Tea, Coffee, and Raisins and Dried Currants of the best quality, just received, and for sale by

T. M'NAMARA, *Agt.*

Nov.16–tf.

PURE CIDER VINEGAR.—200 Galls. of this superior article, just received and for sale at the Cheap Store of J. M. LYTLE.

Aug. 24.

SPEED THE PLOUGH.

THE subscribers propose publishing forthwith at Harrisburg, the State capital of Pennsylvania, a New Monthly Magazine of Aggriculture, entitled the

HARRISBURG CULTIVATOR.

Combining also a Statistical Register for the Iron, Coal, Mechanicel and Manufacturing interests of Pennsylvania; at the low price of *One* Dollar a year for *one* Copy; *five* dollars for *seven* Copies; and *ten* dollars for *fifteen* Copies, if all sent to one post office.

☞No paper will in any case be sent without payment in advance.

The Cultivator will be printed with new and beautiful Rrevier and Minion Type, on fine white paper and liberally ILLUSTRATED WITH ENGRAVINGS of Plants, Trees, Fruits, Stock, Farm Tools, Farm Buildings, Dwellings, Barns, &c.,

The first number will be issued in April next, 1848; and once a month regularly there-after, without fail.

The work will be modeled in appearance, size, and embellishments after the Albany (N. Y.) Cultivator; but will have this advantage over that publication, that being published in Pennsylvania, and the articles which appear being written by Pennsylvanian residing in different parts of the Commenwealth, the information upon Agricultural subjects which it contains will be perfectly adapted to the *Climate, Seasons*, and *Soil* of this State; the experiments in Cultivation, which it will record, prove more successful when re-tried; and the instructions communicated be of a more practical kind, requiring no modification to suit the meridian of Pennsylaania.

The general editorial management of the Magazine will be under the charge of Dr. T. Foster; and the assistance of a number of the most eminent Agriculturists and writers throughout the State, has also been secured as Corresponding Editors; and we expect to obtain, (and hereby solicit,) the voluntary contributions of intelligent Farmers in every county of the Commonwealth.

To make the Cultivator more completely a State, and Standard work, the feature of devoting several of the last pages of each number to Statistics of the Coal and Iron Trade, &c., has been added. The head of some monthly publication to collect and preserve information of this kind has been long felt; but the impossibility of sustaining a periodical exclusively devoted thereto, has likewise been made apparent; and it is trusted therefore that the Iron and Coal interests will afford the Cultivator such liberal support on this account as will induce us to persevere and enlarge the space given for this purpose.

Our terms are so favorable that Postmasters will find it their interest to become our agents, by which they will secure not only a liberal per-centage, bpt increase the postal revenune of their officers. Any person, however, can make himself our agent, by complying our terms as above stated.

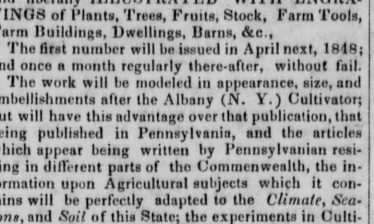
Letters containing subscribtions (with the money,) and communications, will be addressed to

FOSTER & COMPANY,
Harrisburg, Pa.

P. S.—As the numbers of the Cultivator will be very large and contain a vast amount of reading matter, we have concluded to devote a page to those advertisements, which more immediately interest Farmers. A large edition will be published of the first number; and persons who desire to advertise will please send in their advertisements at all event by tho middle of April next. Inventers of improved Farm Tools and Michies are notified also that we will receive their inventions for ssle on Commission; intending to connect with our office, as soon as we can make arrangements, a store for the exclusive sale of agricultural machines and implements.

FOSTER & Co.

Harrisburg, April 22, 1848.



IN THE RAGING CANAL,

AND JUST RECEIVED BY

S. W. Rhodes,

A LARGE QUANTITY OF MAGNIFICENT

NEW GOODS!

CONSISTING of every style, shade, variety and color of useful and fashionable

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

Oonsisting in part of Summer Cloths, cassimeres and sattinetts, of all kinds and prices; gambroons, linen and cotton drilling, Jeans, velvet, satin and other vestings; Irish Linen, flannel, tickings and checks; gentlemen's gloves and silk cravats, white linen and silk handkerchiefs, muslins, calicoes, linseys, &c., together with

FANCY GOODS

of all kinds for LADIES; such as cashmeres, Jalapa, Gingham and other Lawns, Organdies, Caledonia, mous de laines and ginghams; plain and plaid alpacas; bombazines, shawls, gloves and hoskins for ladies, misses and children.

ALSO—AN EXCELLENT ASSORTMENT OF

Silk and other scarfs, boots, and shoes, gentlemen's and children's caps of all kinds, &c., &c.

Groceries :

Such as Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Molasses, Spices, &c.

A GRAND VARIETY!

among which will be found looking glasses, blacking, blacking brushes, cow bells, willow baskets, glasses, clothes brushes, needles, pins, buttons, thread, ink stands, razor strops, suspenders, shaving soap, cotton laps, ropes, slates, pencils, together with all articles usually kept in country stores.

The public is respectfully invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere, inasmuch as he feels confident that his variety and prices will be satisfactory to purchasers.

Hollidaysburg, May 9, 1848–tf.

OYSTERS !

A PRIME ARTICLE ! !

A splendid article of Baltimore Oysters, in whole and half Cans, from the celebrated establishment of A. Field, is now being received daily by the Eastern Stage, which will be furnished at wholesale prices for CASH only. All orders from a distance addressed to the subscriber, (post-paid) will be promptly attended to. JOHNSTON McKEE,

Agent for William Johnston.

Hollidaysburg, Sept. 5, 1848.

AXE AND EDGE TOOL

MANUFACTORY.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Blair and the surrounding counties, that he has lately erected extensive machinery at Colclesser's old stand, in Allegheny township, three miles west of Hollidaysburg, where he will manufacture and keep constantly for sale

SUPERIOR AXES,

made from the best refined cast steel, and warranted. He will also manufacture *Adzes, Hand Axes, Broad Axes, &c.*, all of which will be sold *Wholesale or Retail.* The subscriber has had many years' experience in the most celebrated axe factory (Mann's) in Pennsylvania, and therefore feels justified in recommending his work to the public patronage.

***Orders by mail to be addressed to Hollinaysburg.

T. J. BLAKE.

Oct, 3, 1848.

H. S. KING, Bedford, Pa. JOHN MOORHEAD Indiana, Pa

King & Moorhead,

WHOLESALE GROCER, FORWARDING & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN PRODUCE AND PITTSBURG MANUFACTURES.

Corner of the Diamond and Diamond Alley.

REFERENCE :

Richard Bard, Pittsburg.	James Reamer, Bedford,
Dr. P. Shoenberger, "	W. T. Daugherty, "
J. S. Morrison, St. Louis.	Mulhollan & Ray,
Richard S. Elliott, "	Blairsville.
Z. Gemmill & Co. Phil'a.	J. Milliken & Sons,
Simon Drum, Greensb'g.	Lewistown.

Pittsburg, Oct. 26, 1847–tf.

REMOVAL.

THE subscriber has removed his stock of merchandise to the stand formerly occupied by M. Bouslough, on the south-west corner of the Diamond, where he is ready to furnish, as usual, all articles in the way of *Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware and Hardware.*

JUST RECEIVED—A large supply of Hams, Sides and Shoulders; Dried Apples, Dried Peaches, &c. Also, Ploughs of the "Keystone" Pattern.

JAMES M. HEWIT.

Hollidaysburg, April 15, 1848.

NEW AND FRESH ARRIVAL OF

DRUGS, MEDICINES,

Dye Stuffs, Perfumeries, &c.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Hollidaysburg and vicinity, that he has laid in a heavy supply of the above articles, carefully selected by himself, to which he calls the attention of the public. His stock consists in part of

220 lbs.	Sulphuric Acid,	25 lbs.	Indigo,
150 "	Muriatic Acid,	20 "	Prussiate Potash,
600 "	Camwood,	50 "	Madder,
600 "	Logwood,	6 "	Cochineal,
600 "	Fustic,	20 "	Solution of Tin,
300 "	Brazil Wood,	600 "	Copperas,
25 "	Ext. Logwood,	100 "	Blue Vitriol,
25 "	Lac Dye,	Lisbon Wine,	
25 "	Cud Bear,	Madeira Wine;	

Together with Quinine, Calomel, Antimonial Wine, Salts, Laudanum, Ether, Ipecacuana, Cubebs, Camphor, Balsam Copavia, Balsam of Fir, Corrosive Sublimate, Copal Varnish, Nutmegs, Alspice, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, Ginger, Mustard, Arrow Root, Oat Meal, Paints, russes, Hair Oil, Hair Dye, Cologne, Pearl Powder, Scent Bags, Shaving Soap, Forceps, Tooth Brushes, Razors, Razor Straps, Spectacles, Combs, Camel Hair Pencils, India Ink, Court Plaster, Shaving Cream, Opodeldoc, Bateman's Drops, Harlem Oil, Godfrey's Cordial, British Oil, Castor Oil, Sweet Oil, and in short, every article usually kept in Drug Stores.

HATTER S, FULLERS AND DYERS

Will be supplied by the quantity with genuing articles at reduced prices.

OILS, ESSENCES, &c., supplied by the quantity at Wholesale Prices.

The public are invited to call, as the subscriber is determined to sell as cheap—and many of his articles at least ten per cent. CHEAPER—than any establishment in the borough.

J. M. LINDSEY,
Agent for Ober & McConkey,

Montgomery street, 2 doors below Mulberry street.

Hollidaysburg, Aug. 24, 1847–tf.

CELEBRATED

PERFUMERY.

THE subscriber having been appointed Agent for the sale of the celebrated articles of Perfumery, manufaatured by Eugene Roussel, of Philadelphia, would respectfully invite the attention of the public to his stock, which he now offers for sale at his Barbering and Hair-dressing Establishment, on Montgomery street, near the Exchange Hotel, all of which will be disposed of at the manufacturer's retail prices. His stock is principally made up of the following articles:

Cologne Water, Florida do., Toilet do., Lavender do.; Extracts Magnolia, Verveine, Portugal, Geranium, Jockey Club, de Boquet de Caroline, Rose, Violet and Vanilla; Hair Oils, Beef's Marrow, Pomade Philocome, Bear's Oil, Macassar do., Antique do., Fancy Toilet Soaps, Ambrosial Soap,—the finest article in use—Circassian do., Omnibus do., Sand do., Shell do., Scent do., Rib do., Floating do., (for shaving) Emollient do., Military do., Crystaline Essence of do., Sand Balls, Wash Balls, Roussel's unrivalled Shaving Cream, Toilet Powder, Lily White, Powder Puffs and Boxes, Dentrifices, Odontine, Rose Tooth Paste, Tooth Powder, Tooth Brushes, Cloth, Hair, Shaving, Nail and Blacking Brushes, Combs, Pocket Books, Purses, and a great variety of Fancy articles too numerous to mention.

Confident of having a larger and better stock of articles of the kind than any one else in this place, and being determined to sell them at the lowest possible rate, the subscriber would respectfully ask the public to call and examine his articles, and convince themselves of their superiority and cheapness.

WILLIAM NESBIT,

Montgomery street, near the Exchange Hotel.

Hollidaysburg, April 22, 1848–tf.

HALLOO! I SAY! COME THIS WAY.

JAMES MOOREHOUSE

HAS just returned from the eastern cities, and is now opening in the room on Montgomery street, one door south of J. M. Lindsey's Drug Store, the finest stock of

CLOTHING AND LADIES' WEAR,

ever offered in Hollidaysburg, in the selection of which great taste and judgment have been displayed. These goods are for sale, and must be sold, profit or none. I invite everybody to call and judge for themselves. They will really find it their interest, and no mistake. Most kind of country produce taken in exchange for goods—cash never refused, and sell all the goods I can. Follow the crowd—give me a chance—examine my goods, and if I don't sell to you it will be your own fault.

Hollidaysburg, May 9, 1848.

S. M. Barclay. J. E. Barclay.

Law Partnership.

BARCLAY & BARCLAY,

Attorneys at Law, Bedford, Pa.,

WILL practice in the several Courts of Bedford and Blair Counties. Agencies, Collections, and all other business entrusted to their care, will be faithfully and promptly attended to.

March 25, 1848–tf.

J. R. LOWRIE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Hollidaysburg, Pa.

JOB WORK

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

Executed with neatness and despatch at the Office of the Blair County Whig.

AN assortment of Crockery Ware on hand and for sale by THOS. McNAMARA,

Nov. 6, 1847–tf. *Sup't. & Act.*

COOKING STOVES.—Coal Cooking Stoves, of the most approved size, pattern and quality, just received and for sale at the Store of S. S. Blair.

THOS. McNAMARA, Sup't & Ag't.

PARLOR AND COOKING STOVES.

THE subscriber has just received a large and extensive assortment of Stoves from the East, among which are the

AMERICAN AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE.

This truly beautiful and extraordinary Stove having been thoroughly tested by mechanical and scientific men, and pronounced to be the greatest improvement ever offered to the public. The new and admirable invention of the Brick Oven Top, through which the heat passing evenly and gradually, ensures the lightness and beautiful *brown crust* to the bread, &c., &c.

IRVING'S IMPROVED AIR-TIGHT COOKING STOVE,

with all the *modern* improvements. The above Stoves are intended either for coal or wood. Also, the

Patent Air-Tight Parlor Stove,

for wood, a beautiful ornament for a room, and a great saver of fuel. The various sizes of the above Stoves will be sold at much lower prices than heretofore offered to the public at this place, at the new Hardware Store of A. F. OSTERLOH.

Hollidaysburg, Aug. 22, 1848.

JOHN CRESSWELL,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

WILL practice in the several Courts of Blair, Huntingdon, Bedford and Cambria. His Office is on Montgomery street, one door North of the Blair County Whig.

Hollidaysburg, Aug. 24–tf.

Linton & Woodward,

TOBACCO, SEGAR, AND SNUFF

MANUFACTORY,

No. 17, South 4th Street, Philadelphia.

THE attention of dealers in the annexed articles is invited to the extensive assortment of all kinds and qualities of Tobacco, at prices that will justify an examination of our stock, among which will be found,

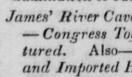
James' River Cavendish Tobacco, (5's and 6's) Plug—Congress Tobacco, and all other sizes manufactured. Also—*American Half Spanish, Spanish and Imported Havana Segars, Smoking Tobacco, Pipes, &c.*

N. B.—All articles bought of us warranted to turn out as represented, or satisfactory deductions made, or goods returned.

Philadelphia, Jan. 29, 1848–1y*.

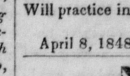
FARMERS!

See to your Interests!



THE subscriber is wanting to purchase this Winter a large quantity of Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Cloverseed, &c. Farmers will find it to their interests to call upon him previous to making sale of their grain.

J. M. LYTLE.



Hollidaysburg, Nov. 30, 1847–tf.

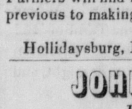
JOHN J. CLYDE,

BOOK BINDER

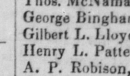
And Stationer,

Corner of Third and Walnut Streets,

HARRISBURG, PA.,



HAS on hand an assortment of Stationery and School Books. Also– Blank Books, Dockets, Record and Deed Books, Day Books, Ledgers, Journals, Memorandums, Cash Books, &c.



Always on hand, or made to order on the shortest notice, and ruled to any pattern: Old Books, Music and Periodicals, bound or rebound to any pattern, or in any style. *Work done at his Bindery Warranted.*

Harrisburg, Jan. 29, 1848–6m.

REVOLUTION IN ENGLAND !

THE Subscriber is now receiving at his Warehouse No. 6, Canal Basin, Hollidaysburg,

100	Bags Best Rio Coffee,
10	Hhds. and 20 Bbls. best N. Orleans Sugar,
20	Bbls. Porto Rico Sugar,
1000	Lbs. best Loaf do.
1000 "	best Lump do.
10	Hhds. and 20 Bbls. N. O. Molasses,
10	Bbbls. Steam Syrup do.
5	Tierces Rice,
10	Chests Young Hyson Tea,
10 "	Imperial do.
5 "	Gunpowder do.
20	Boxes Superior Tobacco,
20	Bbbls. Trimmed Shad,
20	do No. 1 Fresh Herring,
20	do Mackerel,

Together with all other articles kept in the Grocery line. Plaister, Fish, Salt, Bacon, &c., always on hand. The above will be sold at City prices, freight added.

The subscriber is still largely engaged in the Lumber Business, consisting of Cherry, Poplar, Ash, &c., and is ready at all times to fill any orders that may be directed to him G. L. LLOYD.

April 22, 1848

Meat !!

"LIVE AND LET LIVE!"

SUMMER CAMPAIGN!—The subscriber respectfully informs the public that he still occupies the same old stand in the Market House, where he will be prepared every market morning with fresh

Beef, Pork, Veal, Mutton, Sausages, &c.,

Warranted as cheap as the cheapest, and always of the very best quality. ☞When not in market, fresh meat can be had any morning at the shop, in Gaysport. Thankful for past favors, the subscriber solicits a continuance of the same.

JOSEPH MAJOR,
Agent for B. R. Henderson.

April 29, 1848.–tf

D. H. HOFIUS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Will practice in the several Courts of Blair and Bedford Counties. Office on Allegheny street, a few doors East of the American House.

Hollidaysburg, April 1, 1848–tf.

NEW GOODS!

NO ADVANCE IN PRICE ON ACCOUNT OF BEING WAGONED!

JAMES M. LYTLE

WOULD respectfully inform his old customers, and the public in general, that he has just received his

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

to which he would invite their attention. The stock consists of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware,

and in short, every thing constituting a complete stock of goods, all of which have been selected with care and an eye to neatness and cheapness. Come, all, and examine.

Hollidaysburg, Nov. 16, 1847–tf.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,

CORNER OF JUNIATA AND WAYNE STS.,

HOLLIDAYSBURG, PA.

THIS spacious Hotel is now furnished for the reception of Travellers and others. It is located immediately opposite to the Public Wharves, and fronting on the Allegheny and Portage Rail Road, affording a convenient resting place for the man of business, or the gentleman of leisure, who may desire to wile away a few agreeable hours in the flourishing and romantic borough of Hollidaysburg, known for being the port of transhipping the vast trade, between the great valley of the Mississippi and the Atlantic sea board. His table will be at all times supplied with the choicest luxuries of the season—his Chambers well furnished, clean and airy—His Cellars and Bar stored with Liquors which may compare with *Jove's Nectar.* Gentlemen travelling with their families, can be accommodated with Private Parlors.

JOHN DOUGHERTY.

Aug. 24, 1847–tf.

IRON COMMISSION *WAREHOUSE.*

NO. 109, NORTH WATER STREET,

AND

NO. 54, NORTH WHARVES, PHILADELPHIA.

THE undersigned still continue the *Commission Business* for the sale of all descriptions of IRON. Our experience of many years, and *extensive acquaintance* with the Dealers and Consumers of Iron throughout the Country, has enabled us to establish such relations as give us peculiar advantages to serve our correspondents, *Equal to any other House.*

ORRICK & CAMPBELL,

No. 109 North Water treet, and 54 North Wharves.

Philadelphia, March 25, 1848–6m.

J. W. THOMPSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Williamsburg, Pa.

Will practice in the Courts of Blair and Huntingdon Counties.

April 8, 1848–1y.

NOTICE.

IN pursuance of the Constitution and Laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, notice is hereby given by the subscribers, citizens of the said Commonwealth, that they and others, will make application to the next Legislature for the creation of a corporate body with Banking and discounting privileges, of the name and style of the Hollidaysburg Bank, to be located at Hollidaysburg, Blair county, with a capital of Two Hundred Thousand Dollars, said corporate body to be created for the object of securing to the citizens of the Commonwealth, and of the county of Blair, the benefits of a Banking Institution, with all the rights, powers, and privileges of a bank.

Thos. McNamara,	T. C. McDowell,
George Bingham,	Jno. Walker,
Gilbert L. Lloyd,	Thos. Bingham,
Henry L. Patterson,	Lloyd & Graff,
A. P. Robison,	Henry Lloyd,
Peter Hewit,	J. M. Lytle.

Elias Baker.

Hollidaysburg, July 4, 1848.

New Store

AND

ALEXANDER M. LLOYD & CO.

MOST respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has lately received from the Eastern cities, at his New Store in Gaysport, one or two doors west of Barr's Hotel, a fine assortment of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

consisting in part of Cloths, Cassimeres, Tweeds Silks, Satins, Lawns, Ginghams, Calicoes, bleached and unbleached Muslins, Tickings, Checks, Flannels Laces, Handkerchiefs, Vestings, Hats, Bonnets, Boots Shoes, and indeed almost every article usually kept in a Dry Good's store. Also—a large assortment of

GROCERIES, HARDWARE, GLASS

and Queensware, Saddlery &c., all of which he is determined to sell as cheap, if not cheaper, either for cash or approved country produce, than they can be purchased for from any other store in the country.—He invites the public to call and examine his stock of goods before purchasing elsewhere.

Gaysport, June 20, 1848–tf.

AFFLICTED READ.

PHILADELPHIA MEDICAL HOUSE—Established 15 years ago, by DR. KINKELIN. The oldest, surest and best hand to cure all forms of secret diseases, diseases of the skin and solitary habits of youth, is DR. KINKELIN, N. W. corner of THIRD and UNION Streets, between Spruce and Pine, 1½ squares from the Exchange, Philadelphia.

TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.

Youth who have injured themselves by a certain practice indulged in—a habit frequently learned from evil companions, or at school—the effects of which are nightly felt, even when asleep, and destroy both mind and body, should apply immediately. Weakness and constitutional debility immediately cured, and full vigor restored. All letters *post paid,*

Young men! if you value your life or your health, remember, the delay of a month, nay, even a week, may prove your ruin, both of body and mind. Hence let no false modesty deter you from making your case known to one who, from education and respectability, can alone befriend you. He who places himself under Dr. Kinkelin's treatment, may religiously confide in his honor as a gentleman, and in whose bosom will be forever locked the secret of the patient.

Too many think they will hug the secret to their owe hearts, and cure themselves. Alas! how often is this a fatal delusion, and how many a promising young man, who might have been an ornament to society, has faded from the earth.

Country Invalids, finding it inconvenient to make personal application, can, by stating their case explicitly, together with all their symptoms, [per letter, post paid,] have forwarded to them a chest containing Dr. K's. medicines appropriated accordingly.

Packages of Medicines forwarded to any part of the United States at a moment's notice.

☞*Post paid letters*, addressed to Dr. *Kinkelin*, Philadelphia, will be promptly attended to.

See advertisement in the Philadelphia Spirit of the Times.

Jan. 4, 1848–1y.